

IRT5300L Series Industrial 4G Router User Manual

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Industrial Ethernet communication solution expert

3onedata Co., Ltd.

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The Industrial 4G Router User Manual has introduced this series of routers:

- Product features
- Product network management configuration
- Overview of related principles of network management



The screenshot reference model for this manual is 1 RS-232/485/422 serial port + 4 100M LAN ports + 1 100M WAN port. In addition to the supported number of ports, the interface functions and interface operations are the same.

Audience

This manual applies to the following engineers:

- Network administrators
- Technical support engineers
- Network engineer

Text Format Convention

Format	Description
" "	Words with "" represent the interface words. Such as: "Port
	No.".
>	Multi-level path is separated by ">". Such as opening the
	local connection path description: Open "Control Panel>
	Network Connection> Local Area Connection".
Light Blue Font	It represents the words clicked to achieve hyperlink. The font
	color is as follows: 'Light Blue'.
About this chapter	The section 'about this chapter' provide links to various
	sections of this chapter, as well as links to the Principles
	Operations Section of this chapter.

Symbols

Format	Description
\land	Remind the announcements in the operation, improper
Notice	operation may result in data loss or equipment damage.
$\mathbf{\wedge}$	Pay attention to the notes on the mark, improper operation
Warning	may cause personal injury.
	Conduct a necessary supplements and explanations for the
Note	description of operation content.
Key	Configuration, operation, or tips for device usage.
	Pay attention to the operation or information to ensure
Tips	success device configuration or normal working.

Port Convention

The port number in this manual is only an example, and does not represent the actual port with this number on the device. In actual use, the port number existing on the device shall prevail.

Revision Record

Version No.	Date	Revision note
01	11/12/2021	Product release

Content

P	REFACE	5	1
С	ONTEN	Γ	1
1	LOG	IN THE WEB INTERFACE	1
	1.1	WEB BROWSING SYSTEM REQUIREMENT	1
	1.2	SETTING IP ADDRESS OF PC	1
	1.3	LOG IN THE WEB CONFIGURATION INTERFACE	2
2	SYST	TEM INFO	4
3	BAS	IC NETWORK	8
	3.1	WAN NETWORK SETTINGS	8
	3.2	MOBILE DETECTION	.12
	3.3	LOCAL AREA NETWORK	.14
	3.4	VLAN SETTINGS	.15
	3.4.1	Port PVID Settings	.16
	3.4.2	VLAN Settings	.16
	3.5	DYNAMIC DOMAIN NAME	.17
	3.6	ROUTING TABLE	.19
4	WLA	N SETTINGS	.22
	4.1	BASIC PARAMETER SETTINGS	.22
	4.2	WIRELESS CLIENT FILTERING	.29
5	ADV	ANCED NETWORK	.32
	5.1	Port Forward	.32
	5.2	PORT REDIRECTION	.33
	5.3	DMZ SETTINGS	.34
	5.4	SERIAL PORT APPLICATION	.35
	5.4.1	RealCom Mode	.38
	5.4.2	TCP Server Mode	.41
	5.4.3	TCP Client Mode	.44
	5.4.4	UDP Server Mode	.47
	5.4.5	UDP Client Mode	.49
	5.5	UPNP SETTINGS	.52
	5.6	VRRP	.54
	5.7	RIP	.58
	5.8	OSPF	.59

	5.9	STATIC DHCP	61
6	FI	REWALL	63
	6.1	IP FILTER	63
	6.2	MAC FILTER	64
	6.3	URL FILTER	66
	6.4	Keyword Filter	67
	6.5	IP ADDRESS BLACK/WHITE LIST	68
7	VP	N TUNNEL	70
	7.1	GRE Settings	70
	7.2	PPTP CLIENT SETTINGS	71
	7.3	PPTP Server Settings	73
	7.4	L2TP CLIENT SETTINGS	74
	7.5	L2TP Server Settings	76
	7.6	IPSEC	77
	7.7	OPENVPN CLIENT SETTINGS	80
	7.8	CERTIFICATE SETTINGS	84
8	SY	STEM MANAGEMENT	86
	SY 8.1	STEM MANAGEMENT Time Settings	
			86
	8.1	TIME SETTINGS	86 87
	8.1 8.2	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88
	8.1 8.2 8.3	TIME SETTINGS ACCESS SETTINGS TIMED RESTART	86 87 88 89
	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4	TIME SETTINGS ACCESS SETTINGS TIMED RESTART BACKUP RECOVERY	86 87 88 89 90
	8.18.28.38.48.5	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 89 90 91
	 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 90 91 91 92
9	 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 90 91 92 93
9	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 DL	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 90 91 92 93 93
9	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 DL 9.1 9.2	TIME SETTINGS ACCESS SETTINGS TIMED RESTART BACKUP RECOVERY LOG MANAGE FIRMWARE UPGRADE SYSTEM SETTINGS AGNOSTIC TOOLS SYSTEM LOG.	86 87 88 90 91 92 93 93 94
9	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 DL 9.1 9.2 9.3	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 90 91 91 92 93 93 94 95
9	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 DL 9.1 9.2 9.3	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 90 91 92 93 93 93 94 95 96
9 10	8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6 8.7 DL 9.1 9.2 9.3 M	TIME SETTINGS	86 87 88 90 91 92 93 93 93 94 95 96 96



1.1 WEB Browsing System Requirement

Hardware and software	System requirements
CPU	Above Pentium 586
Memory	Above 128MB
Resolution	Above 1024x768
Color	256 color or above
Browser	Internet Explorer 6.0 or above
Operating system	Windows XP/7/8/10

While using the industrial router, the system should meet the following conditions.

1.2 Setting IP Address of PC

The router default management is as follows:

IP Settings	Default Value
IP Address (LAN port)	192.168.1.254
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0

When configuring a device through the Web:

- Before conducting remote configuration, please confirm the route between computer and device is reachable;
- Before making a local configuration, make sure that the IP address of the

computer and the serial server are on the same subnet. Note:

While configuring the device for the first time, if it's the local configuration mode, first confirm the network segment of current PC is 1.

Eg: Assume that the IP address of the current PC is 192.168.5.60, change the network segment "5" of the IP address to "1".

Operation Steps

Amendment steps as follow:

- Step 1 Open "Control Panel> Network Connection> Local Area Connection> Properties> Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP / IPv4)> Properties".
- Step 2 Change the selected "5" in red frame of the picture below to "1".

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties ? X
General	
You can get IP settings assigned autor this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automatical	ly
• Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192 . 168 . 5 . 60
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	192.168.5.1
Obtain DNS server address autor	natically
─	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	202 . 96 . 122 . 168
Alternate DNS server:	202 . 96 . 134 . 133
Vaļidate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

Step 3 Click "OK", IP address is modified successfully.Step 4 End.

1.3 Log in the Web Configuration Interface

Operation Steps

Login in the web configuration interface as follow:

- Step 1 Run the computer browser.
- Step 2 On the browser's address bar, type in the switch addresses "http://192.168.1.254 ".
- Step 3 Click the "enter" key.
- **Step 4** Pop-up dialog box as shown below, enter the user name and password in the login window.

User name Password	admin
	Login
	Keep name Keep password

Note:

- The default username and password are "admin"; please strictly distinguish capital and small letter while entering.
- Default user account has the administrator privileges.

Step 5 Click "Login".

Step 6 End.

After login in successfully, user can configure relative parameters and information according to demands.

Note

After login in the device, modify the switch IP address for usage convenience.



Function Description

On the "System information" page, user can check the following information:

- System Information;
- Performance;
- LAN information;
- WAN information;
- VPN client information;
- VPN server information.

Operation Path

On the navigation bar, select "System information".

Interface Description

System information interface as follows:

System Info				
Run State				
•	?	module		
Wi	reless :open	Modem state:Not D	lialed	None
System Info		P	erformance	
Router name: Router time: MAC address: Firmware version: Turn on time:	irt53001_5t2d 2021-03-02 17:14:21 00:22:6f:78:89:22 V2.1100.882021022505R1695H0000 0Day2H04Min18S	0		31% CPU usage rate Memory usage rate
LAN Info	-	W	VAN Info	
IP address: Subnet mask: DHCP: DHCP Start Address: DHCP address pool:	192.168.1.254 255.255.255.0 Open 100 150		Link type: IP address: Subnet mask: Gateway: DNS:	static 192.168.8.1 255.255.255.0 192.168.8.254 114.114.114.114
VPN Client Info		v	PN Server Info	
VPN Client Info: Connection state: Local IP: Remote IP:	pptp Unlink 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0		VPN Server Info: Connection state: Local IP: Remote IP:	pptp Unlink 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0

The main element configuration description of state information interface:

Interface Element	Description			
Run State	The running state bar			
Wireless	The status of device wireless function is displayed as follows:			
	Open: the wireless WiFi function has been enabled;			
	Close: the wireless WiFi function hasn't been enabled.			
Modem State	The states of 4G module Modem.			
SIM Card	Information including the existence state of SIM card used by			
	current device, operator's network, network operating mode			
	and signal strength etc.			
System Info	System information bar			
Router Name	Device name.			
Router Time	The current time displayed by router. Its format is			
	Year-Month-Day Hour: Minute: Second.			
Mac Address	The MAC address information of this device.			
Firmware Version	Device firmware version.			
Turn on Time	The run time after turning on the device			
Performance	The performance bar			

Interface Element	Description
CPU usage	The usage rate of device CPU.
rate(%)	
Memory usage	The usage rate of device memory.
rate (%)	Note: The performance of the device would be affected if the application
	consumes too much memory.
LAN info	The LAN information bar
IP Address	The IP address information of LAN.
Subnert Mask	The subnet mask information of LAN.
DHCP	DHCP Server Status:
	• Open
	Disable
DHCP Start	The minimum host number of IP address assigned by DHCP
Address	address pool, which is 100 by default
DHCP Address	The maximum IP address number assigned by DHCP
Pool	address pool, which is 150 by default.
WAN info	The WAN information bar
Link Type	The line type of WAN, which is 3G/4G by default
IP Address	The IP address information of WAN.
Subnert Mask	The subnet mask information of WAN.
Gateway	The gateway information of WAN
DNS	The DNS information of WAN
VPN Client Info	The VPN client information bar
VPN Client Info	Related information about VPN client. It displays related
	information when VPN client is enabled, otherwise it displays
	pptp by default.
Connection State	The connection state of VPN client:
	Not connected
	Connected
Local IP	The IP address of local client.
Remote IP	The IP address of remote server.
VPN Server Info	The VPN server information bar
VPN Server Info	Related information about VPN server. It displays related
	information when VPN server is enabled, otherwise it displays
	pptp by default.
Connection State	The connection state of VPN server:
	Not connected

Interface Element	Description
	Connected
Local IP	The IP address of local server.
Remote IP	The IP address of remote client.



3.1 WAN Network Settings

Function Description

On the "WAN Settings" page, user can set the connection type and parameter of WAN. The connection types are as follows:

- Dynamic access: the WAN port of the device accesses network address information allocated by network provider or outer network automatically;
- Static address: configuring the network information of the device WAN port manually;
- PPPoE: implement PPPoE point-to-point protocol dial-up via wired network WAN port to access network;
- 3G/4G: connect to 3G/4G signal via SIM card to access Internet.

Operation Path

Click: "Basic Network > WAN Settings".

Interface Description 1: Dynamic Access

Choose "Dynamic Access" in "Line Type". The dynamic access interface as follows:

WAN Network		
Link type	Dynamic Access 🔹	
Preferred DNS server	114.114.114.114	Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Alternate DNS server		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Save		

The main element configuration description of dynamic access interface:

Interface Eleme	t Description
Link Type	Dynamic Access: the WAN port of the device accesses
	network address information allocated by network provider or
	outer network automatically.
Preferred DN	S The DNS server address provided by network provider or
server	extranet.
Alternate DN	S The backup DNS server address provided by network
server	provider or outer network. This item can be skipped.

Interface Description 2: Static Address

Choose "Static address" in "Line type". The static address interface as follows:

WAN Network	
Link type	Static address 🔹
IP address	
	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
	Select the appropriate subnet mask according to the IP address
Gateway	
DNS server	114.114.114.114
	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXXX
DNS Server	
(optional)	
	200020002000
Save	

The main element configuration description of static address interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Link Type	Static address: the network information configuration of	
	device WAN port.	
IP Address	The fixed IP address provided by network provider or	
	extranet.	
Subnet Mask	Drop-down list of netmask.	
Gateway	The default gateway address provided by network provider or	
	extranet.	
DNS Server	The DNS server address provided by network provider or	

Interface E	lement	Description
		extranet.
DNS	Server	The backup DNS server address provided by network
(optional)		provider or outer network. This item can be skipped.

Interface description 3: PPPoE

Choose "PPPoE" in "Line type". The PPPoE interface as follows:

WAN Network		
Link type	PPPoE v	
User name	card	
Password	card	
type	PAP/CHAP •	
Server name	nmts	
мти		576-1492
Save		

The main element configuration description of PPPoE interface:

Interface Element	Description
Link Type	PPPoE: realize Internet access via PPPoE dialing.
User Name	User name of PPPoE connection. Note: User name, password and server name are provided by network provider.
Password	Password of PPPoE connection. Note: User name, password and server name are provided by network provider.
Туре	 PPPoE dialing authentication type, options as follows: PAP: Password Authentication Protocol, client transmits username and password in plaintext to for authentication. CHAP: Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol, sever transmits "challenge" message to client, then client authenticates sever through "challenge" message, MD5 encryption algorithm and other information. PAP/CHAP: PAP or CHAP authentication method.
Server Name	Server name, not fill if network provider doesn't supply.

Interface Element	Description
	Note: User name, password and server name are provided by network provider.
MTU	The maximal length of single message that can get through in
	WAN network communication, the value range is 576-1492
	bytes.
	Note:
	• MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit), the device will divide the
	data packet into multiple small packets if the maximum length
	of single message exceeds the given MTU value; so reasonable
	setting can optimize network speed;
	• MTU value is recommended to be same to the one of superior
	router.

Interface Description 4: 3G/4G

Choose "3G/4G" in "Line type". The 3G/4G interface as follows:

WAN Network	
Link type	3G/4G 🔻
Double SIM Card Mode	Force SIM1
SIM1 mode	LTE(FDD/TDD)
SIM1 PIN	
SIM1 APN	3GNET
SIM1 username	card
SIM1 Password	card
SIM2 mode	LTE(FDD/TDD)
SIM2 PIN	
SIM2 APN	CMNET
SIM2 username	cmcc
SIM2 Password	cmcc
Save	

The main element configuration description of 3G/4G interface:



Interface Element	Description
Link Type	3G/4G: achieve 3G/4G network access via SIM card dial-up.
Double SIM card	In the drop-down list of double SIM card mode, user can
mode	choose specified SIM card. The options are:
	Force SIM1
	Specified SIM2
SIM1 mode	The drop-down list of SIM1 mode. The options are:
	LTE(FDD/TDD)
	• 3G(WCDMS/TD-SCDMA/HSPA)
	3G(CDMA/EVDO)
SIM1 PIN	The Personal Identification Number (PIN) of SIM1. Please
	enter 4 to 8-digit PIN code if the boot PIN code is enabled; It is
	null by default if not enabled. Notes:
	When PIN code is enabled, user needs to enter it every time turning on the device. Please be cautious, it would be locked automatically if you enter wrong codes in three times.
SIM1 APN	The SIM1 access point name. It defaults to 3GNET.
SIM1 username	The username of SIM1. It defaults to card.
SIM1 password	The password of SIM1. It defaults to card.
SIM2 Mode	The drop-down list of SIM2 mode. The options are:
	LTE(FDD/TDD)
	• 3G(WCDMS/TD-SCDMA/HSPA)
	• 3G(CDMA/EVDO)
SIM2 PIN	The Personal Identification Number (PIN) of SIM2. Please
	enter 4 to 8 digits PIN code if the boot PIN code is enabled; It
	is null by default if not enabled.
	Notes: When PIN code is enabled, user needs to enter it every time turning on the device. Please be cautious, it would be locked automatically if you enter wrong codes in three times.
SIM2 APN	The SIM2 access point name. It defaults to CMNET.
SIM2 username	The username of SIM2. It defaults to cmcc.
SIM2 password	The password of SIM2. It defaults to cmcc.

3.2 Mobile Detection

ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) belongs to network layer protocol, and is mainly used for delivering control message between hosts and routers: including whether the network is connected, the host is reachable and the router is usable, etc.

when there are situations in which IP data cannot access the target or the IP router cannot forward data packet at current transmission rate, it would send ICMP message automatically.

Function Description

On the "Mobile Detection" page, user can detect the connection status of network and make corresponding operation.

Operation Path

Choose "Basic Network > Mobile Detection" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description

The mobile detection interface as follows:

Mobile Detection			
ICMP Link Detection Detecting IP Detecting IP (optional)	8.8.8.8]
Interval(s)	60		Rangte0-360
Retry	3	۲]
Exception handling	Restart communication module	۲]
Save			

The main element configuration description of mobile detection interface:

Interface Element	Description	
ICMP Link Detection	ICMP Link Detection checkbox, checking to turn on ICMP	
	link detection function, which can detect network	
	connection.	
Detecting IP	To detect whether the specified IP address could be	
	connected. It defaults to 8.8.8.8.	
Detecting IP	To detect whether the backup IP address could be	
(optional)	connected.	
Interval (s)	The time interval of detection, the unit is second and	
	defaults to 60. The value range is 10-360.	
Retry	To detect the times of retry, the drop-down list of retry.	
	Options are: 2-5.	
Exception handling	The corresponding way of handling detected exception.	

Interface Element	Description	
	The drop-down list of exception handling, options are:	
	Restart communication module;	
	Switch SIM card;	
	Reboot the system.	

3.3 Local Area Network

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a LAN protocol which uses UDP protocol to allocate IP address to internal network automatically and improve IP address utilization. Client in network environment can acquire dynamic IP address, Gateway address, DNS server address and other information from DHCP server.

Function Description

On the "Local Area Network" page, user can turn on DHCP server function and set relevant parameters of gateway.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Basic Network > Local Area Network".

Interface Description

The local area network interface as follows:

Local Area Network		
IP address	192.168.1.254	Example:xxx.xxx.xxx
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	 Select the appropriate subnet mask according to the IP address
DHCP		
DHCP Start Address	100	Range:1-254
Number of DHCP address pools	150	Range:1-254
DHCP lease time	12 hours	▼
Domain name	ROUTER	
Save		

The main element configuration description of local area network interface:

Interface Element Description	
IP Address IP address of the device LAN port.	
Subnet Mask	Drop-down list of netmask.
DHCP	DHCP function enable checkbox, check to enable DHCP
	server function.
DHCP Start	The minimum IP address host number allocated by DHCP

Interface Element	Description		
Address	address pool. Value range is 1-254.		
Number of DHCP	The maximum IP address number allocated by DHCP		
Address Pools	address pool. Value range is 1-254.		
DHCP Lease Time	Valid time of IP address distributed by DHCP address pool, it		
	defaults to 12 hours. Drop-down list of time unit, options as		
	follows:		
	• 30 minutes;		
	• 1 hour;		
	• 6 hours;		
	• 12 hours;		
	• 1 day;		
	• 3 days;		
	• 7 days.		
Domain Name	DHCP domain name is composed of letter, number and		
	underline; it supports 0-32 valid characters.		

3.4 VLAN Settings

VLAN is Virtual Local Area Network. VLAN is the data switching technology that logically (note: not physically) divides the LAN device into each network segment (or smaller LAN) to achieve the virtual working group (unit).

VLAN advantages mainly include:

- Port isolation. Ports in different VLAN, even in the same switch, can't intercommunicate. Such a physical switch can be used as multiple logical switches.
- Network security. Different VLAN can't directly communicate with each other, which has eradicated the insecurity of broadcast information.
- Flexible management. Changing the network user belongs to, don't need to change ports or connection; only needs to change the software configuration.

That is, ports within the same VLAN can intercommunicate; otherwise, ports can't communicate with each other. A VLAN is identified with VLAN ID, and ports with the same VLAN ID belong to a same VLAN.

3.4.1 Port PVID Settings

Function Description

On the "Port PVID Settings" page, the port VLAN mode is access by default. You can configure the port VLAN ID: PVID.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Basic Network > VLAN Settings > Port pvid Settings".

Interface Description

Port PVID setting interface is as follows:

VLAN settings >	Port pvid settings	VLAN settings	
Vlan isolation	•		
Port number	М	ode	Pvid
port1	а	ccess V	1
port2	а	ccess T	1
port3	а	ccess T	1
port4	а	ccess 🔻	1
Save			

Main elements configuration description of port PVID settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
VLAN Isolation	VLAN isolation function check box, check it to enable VLAN
	port isolation.
Port Number	The corresponding port number of this device's Ethernet port.
Mode	The port link type supported by the device is access: Port can
	only belong to 1 VLAN, which is generally used to connect
	user device. All default ports belong to access port.
Pvid	Port-base VLAN ID is the port-based virtual LAN ID number.
	For access mode, a physical port has one and only one PVID.

3.4.2 VLAN Settings

Function Description

On the page of "VLAN Settings", user can configure the relevant parameters of VLAN.

Operation Path

Open in order "Main Menu> Basic Network > VLAN Configuration > VLAN Settings".

Interface Description

VLAN settings interface is as follows:

VLAN set	ttings >	Port pvid settings	VLAN settings					
ALL	Vid	Port1	Port2	Port3	Port4	IP address	Subnet mask	Operation
	1	√	√	V	\checkmark			
	Add	Delete						

Interface Element	Description	
All	VLAN entry radio box, you can check one or more VLAN	
	entries for configuration.	
Vid	Displays the PVID value set for the port.	
Port1-4	Displays the ports included in this VLAN, and " $$ " is displayed	
	below the included ports.	
IP Address	Displays the IP address corresponding to this VLAN.	
	Note: IP addresses of different VLANs cannot be in the same network segment.	
Subnet mask	Displays the subnet mask corresponding to this VLAN.	
Operation	Click "Edit" to modify the IP address and subnet mask of this	
	VLAN.	
	Note: When VID is 1, the corresponding IP address and subnet mask cannot be modified.	
Add	Click "Add" button to add VID, IP address and subnet mask	
	corresponding to VID.	
	Note: To add the port corresponding to VID, you can modify it on the port PVID setting page.	
Delete	You can check one or more VLAN configurations and click the	
	"Delete selected" button to delete them.	

The main element configuration description of VLAN configuration interface:

3.5 Dynamic Domain Name

If the IP address that the router Internet obtained is dynamically allocated by operator, the IP address might be different each time. In this situation, user can use dynamic domain name service. The domain name provider allows registering a domain name, which always corresponds to current dynamic IP address of the router. Therefore, user can visit the latest Internet IP address via visiting domain name.

Function Description

On the "Dynamic Domain" page, user can set relevant information of dynamic domain name.

Operation Path

Choose "Basic Network > Dynamic Domain" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description

The dynamic domain interface as follows:

Dynamic Domain		
Enable		
DDNS supplier	no-ip.com	
Domain name infor		
User name		
Password		
Update time	10	Range10-360 (s)
Save		

The main element configuration description of dynamic domain interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	Dynamic Domain Name function checkbox, check to		
	enable dynamic domain function.		
DDNS supplier	The router supports multiple DDNS suppliers. The options		
	in the DDNS supplier drop-down list are:		
	• no-ip.com		
	• 3322.org		
	dyndns.org		
	• oray.com		
	Custom: When user chooses this item, the		
	corresponding DDNS supplier name could be entered		
	in the input box of DDNS supplier.		
Domain name info	The relevant information of domain name applied from		
	DDNS supplier.		
User name	The user name applied from DDNS supplier.		

Interface Element	Description
Password	The password applied from DDNS supplier.
Update time	Update the time interval of dynamic DNS to server, the unit
	is second, the value range is 10-360.

3.6 Routing Table

Routing table is a spreadsheet or database stored in router, which has saved the paths to specified network address. The routing table includes topological information of perimeter network, which mainly aims to implement selection between routing protocol and static routing.

Function Description

On the "Routing Table" page, user can set relevant information of routing table.

Operation Path

Choose "Basic Network > Routing Table" in the navigation bar.

Interface Description 1: Current Routing Table

The current routing table interface as follows:

Routing Table Settings >	Current Routing Table	Static Routing Table		
Destination addres	is Gai	teway	Subnet mask	Network interface
192.168.1.0	0.	0.0.0	255.255.255.0	lan
192.168.2.0	0.	0.0.0	255.255.255.0	eth0.2

The main element configuration description of current routing table interface:

Interface Element	Description
Destination Address	The destination IP address information of current routing.
Gateway	The destination gateway information of current routing.
Subnet mask	The subnet mask information of current routing.
Network interface.	The network interface information of current routing.

Interface Description 2: Static Routing Table

The static routing table interface as follows:

Routing Ta	able Settings >	Current Routing	Table	Static Routing Table		
	Destination addr ess	Gateway		Subnet mask	Network interfac e	Operation
	Add	Delete				

The main element configuration description of static routing table interface:

Interface Element	Description			
Destination Address	The destination IP address information of static routing			
Gateway	The gateway information of static routing			
Subnet mask	The subnet mask information of static routing:			
	• 255.255.255.255			
	• 255.255.255.254			
	 255.255.255.252 			
	• 255.255.255.248			
	• 255.255.255.224			
	• 255.255.255.192			
	• 255.255.255.128			
	• 255.255.255.0			
	• 255.255.254.0			
	• 255.255.252.0			
	• 255.255.248.0			
	• 255.255.240.0			
	• 255.255.224.0			
	• 255.255.192.0			
	• 255.255.128.0			
	• 255.255.0.0			
	• 255.254.0.0			
	• 255.252.0.0			
	• 255.248.0.0			
	• 255.224.0.0			
	• 255.192.0.0			
	• 255.128.0.0			
	• 255.0.0.0			
	• 254.0.0.0			
	• 252.0.0.0			
	• 248.0.0.0			
	• 240.0.0			
	• 224.0.0.0			
	• 192.0.0.0			
	• 128.0.0.0			

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Interface Element	Description	
Network interface	The network interface of static routing:	
	• WAN	
	• LAN	
Operation	Edit: modify static routing table information.	
Add	Click the "Add" button to add static routing in the pop-up	
	window of "static routing.	
Delete	Check the static routing information to be deleted, and then	
	click the "Delete" button to delete them.	



On the "WLAN Settings" page, user can create WiFi hotspot and manage WiFi user connection.

4.1 Basic Parameter Settings

Function Description

On the "Basic Parameter Settings" page of WLAN settings, user can implement 2.4G basic configuration, advanced configuration and WMM Configuration.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "WLAN Settings > Basic Parameter Settings".

Interface Description 1: 2.4G

The 2.4G interface is as follows:

Basic Parameter Setting >	2.4G	Senior Config	WMM C	Config			
SSID		Encryptic			Encryption Algorithm	Password	÷
2G_788924		NONE	•		*		-
Wireless switch	«						
Hiding Wireless SSID							
Current Channel	11						
Channel	auto			٠]		
Bandwidth	20MHz			٠]		
Transmitting power	30				(dBm) 1~30		
Max number of users	64				Max number o	of users 1-64 (64 unrestricted)	
Save							

Main elements configuration descriptions of 2.4G interface:

<u>3onedata</u>

Interface Element	Description
SSID	SSID name of wireless network, it supports 1-32 characters.
Encryption	 Encryption mode of wireless network, options as follows: NONE: No encryption; WPA: Wi-Fi Protected Access. When the wireless authentication method is personal edition, encryption method is PSK (pre-shared key); when the wireless authentication method is enterprise edition, encryption method is 802.1X authentication which use RADIUS server and EAP to authenticate. WPA2: upgrade version of WPA, supports AES (Advanced Encryption Standard), and provides higher security for WLAN. WPA-MIXED: the mixed-mode of WPA, is compatible with both WPA and WPA2 encryptions. WEP-SHARED: a kind of Wired Equivalent Privacy, it adopts shared key authentication encryption mode.
Encryption	Wireless network supports different encryption algorithms
Algorithm	 when it using WPS, WPA2 or WPA-MIXED encryption method, options as follows: AES(CCMP): CCMP(Counter Mode with CBC-MAC Protocol) uses AES(Advanced Encryption Standard) encryption algorithm. TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol, provides more secure protection mechanism than WEP encryption. TKIP/AES: compatible with both TKIP and AES encryption algorithm.
Password	Password of wireless network, it supports 5 or 8-32 characters.
Wireless switch	Wireless Network function enable checkbox, check to enable 2.4G wireless Wi-Fi network.
Hidden wireless SSID	Hidden wireless SSID enable checkbox, check to enable hidden wireless SSID function. After enabled, name of SSID from the device wireless signal will be hidden and displayed as unnamed network. Please enter the SSID name of wireless signal first while connecting hidden wireless signal.
Current channel	The working channel of current 2.4G wireless network.
Channel	Working channel of wireless network, default "auto" self-adaptation, options as follows:

Interface Element	Description
	Auto: channel self-adaptation;
	 1: main frequency band 2412Hz, frequency range
	2401~2423Hz;
	• 2: main frequency band 2417Hz, frequency range
	2406~2428Hz;
	 3: main frequency band 2422Hz, frequency range 2411~2433Hz;
	 4: main frequency band 2427Hz, frequency range 2416~2438Hz;
	 5: main frequency band 2432Hz, frequency range 2421~2443Hz;
	 6: main frequency band 2437Hz, frequency range 2426~2448Hz;
	 7: main frequency band 2442Hz, frequency range 2431~2453Hz;
	 8: main frequency band 2447Hz, frequency range 2436~2458Hz;
	 9: main frequency band 2452Hz, frequency range 2441~2463Hz;
	 10: main frequency band 2457Hz, frequency range 2446~2468Hz;
	 11: main frequency band 2462Hz, frequency range 2451~2473Hz;
	 12: main frequency band 2467Hz, frequency range
	2456~2478Hz, this frequency band is not open in
	America, so it's temporarily unavailable;
	• 13: main frequency band 2472Hz, frequency range
	2461~2483Hz, this frequency band is not open in
	America, so it's temporarily unavailable;
	Note:
	• In order to improve the network performance, please choose
	unused channel in the device working environment.
	Different country opens different channels.
Bandwidth	Channel bandwidth of wireless network, it defaults to 40MHz,
	options as follows:
	• 20MHz;
	• 40MHz.
	Note: 40MHz bandwidth binds two 20MHz bandwidth channels together to gain the throughput capacity more than twice of the 20MHz bandwidth.
Transmitting	Transmitted power of the device wireless signal, defaults to

Interface Element	Description			
power	30dBm, value range 1~30dBm.			
	Note:			
	• The larger the transmitting power is, the stronger the			
	transmitting ability is and the farther the transmission distance			
	is.			
	• Different device has different transmitting power range.			
Max number of	Maximum client number of the device wireless signal, value			
users	range 1-64, when the value is 64, it represents the unlimited			
	connected clients number.			

Interface Description 2: Senior Configuration

Basic Parameter Setting >	2.4G	Senior Config	WMM Config	
Short protection interval WDS WMM Wireless Isolate	\$ \$			
Fragment Threshold	2346			Range256-2346
RTS	2347			Range0-2347
Country	Chin	a	•	
Verification Method	Pers	onal Edition	•	•
Save				

The advanced interface is as follows:

The main element configuration description of advanced interface:

Interface Eleme	ent Description
Short protect	on Check box for Short GI(Short Guard Interval) protection
interval	interval:
	 Check: enabling the function can reduce the gap between two data packets to 400ns, and improve the data transmission speed. Uncheck: after disabling the function, the transmission interval of data packet defaults to 800ns. Note: Under high signal strength and low latency, this function can be enabled to improve nearly 10% handling capacity.
WDS	WDS (Wireless Distribution System), this function is used for
	bridging multiple WLAN.

Interface Element	Description				
Interface Element	nt Description Note:				
	Please enable WDS function while bridging the device and other wireless devices.				
WMM	WMM (WiFi Multimedia) function, defaults to enabled.				
	Note: After enabling WMM function, the device can process the data packet with priority level, improving the data transmission performance of WMM and ensuring the service quality of voice, video and other services with high real-time requirements.				
Wireless isolate	Wireless user isolation, it's used for isolating the wireless				
	clients connected to the device wireless network with same				
	SSID, defaults to disabled.				
	Note: After enabling the wireless isolation function, two wireless clients connected to the same SSID can't mutually access, and this function can further enhance the wireless network security.				
Fragment	Fragment threshold of data packet, value range is 256-2346,				
threshold	defaults to 2346.				
	Note:				
	• The data frame will be segmented when its length surpasses				
	fragment threshold.				
	• With large interference or high utilization ratio of wireless				
	network, user can adopt smaller fragmentation threshold to				
	increase the transmission reliability; but it is low efficiency.The wireless network is easy to be interfered while adopting				
	• The wireless network is easy to be interfered while adopting large fragment threshold; but it is high efficiency.				
RTS	Data packet RTS (Request to Send) threshold, value range				
	0-2347, defaults to 2347.				
	 RTS threshold = 0: it needs to detect whether there exists collision only if the data packet is sent out; AP will send RTS signal; 0 < RTS threshold < 2347: when the length of data packet surpasses RTS threshold, the device wireless 				
	 terminal will send RTS signal to avoid signal conflict; RTS threshold = 2347: the device wireless terminal won't send RTS signal. 				
	 Note: As for the wireless nodes in different wireless detection range of AP range, collision will occur when the nodes send out signals; RTS function can avoid the collision. The device will send RTS to destination station for negotiation when the length of data packet surpasses RTS threshold. After receiving RTS frame, the wireless station will send a CTS (Clear to Send) frame to response the device, which represents 				

Interface Element	Description					
	the two stations can conduct wireless communication.					
Country	Applied countries and regions. Options are as follows:					
	China;					
	• USA.					
	Note: Different country energy different channels					
Verification	Different country opens different channels. Authentication mode of wireless network, options as follows:					
method	 Personal edition: wireless network WPA/WPA2 uses 					
method	• Personal edition: wheless network WPA/WPA2 uses WPA-PSK / WPA2-PSK encryption method and					
	pre-shared key. Personal edition is suitable for personal					
	and home users.					
	Enterprise edition: wireless network WPA/WPA2 uses					
	WPA-802.1X/WPA2-802.1X encryption method. It is					
	necessary to install Radius server to authenticate, and					
	suitable for enterprise users with high security					
	requirements.					
Radius Server IP	IP address of RADIUS(Remote Authentication Dial In User					
	Service) sever.					
	Note:					
	The item will display as an text input box when the wireless network authentication method is enterprise edition.					
Radius Server port	The authentication port number of the RADIUS server,value					
	range is 0-65535.					
	Note:					
	The item will display as an text input box when the wireless network authentication method is enterprise edition.					
Radius Shared key	Shared key of RADIUS server.					
	Note: The item will display as an text input her when the windows					
	The item will display as an text input box when the wireless network authentication method is enterprise edition.					

Interface Description 3: WMM Configuration

802.11 network provides wireless access services based on competition, but different application requirements have different requirements on the network, and the original network cannot provide access services of different quality for different applications, so it's unable to meet the needs of practical applications. IEEE 802.11e adds QoS features to WLAN system based on 802.11 protocol, which has been standardized for a long time. In this process, the Wi-Fi organization defines WMM (Wi-Fi Multimedia) standard in order to ensure interoperability between devices provided QoS by different WLAN vendors. The WMM standard enables WLAN networks to provide QoS services. WMM is a wireless QoS protocol, which is used to ensure that high-priority messages have the priority of sending, so as to ensure the better quality of voice, video and other applications in wireless networks.

WMM configuration interface is as follows:

	neter Setting	> 2.4G	Senior Config	WMM Config			
2.4G WN	/M config						
scene Multimedia priority 🔻			۲				
EDCA A	P Parameters	CWmin		CWmax	AIFSN	TXOP Limit	
AC_BE		15		63	3	0	
AC_BK		15		1023	7	0	
AC_VI		7		15	1	3008	
AC_VO		3		7	1	1504	
EDCA S	TA Parameters	CWmin		CWmax	AIFSN	TXOP Limit	
AC_BE		4		10	3	0	
AC_BK		4		10	7	0	
AC_VI		3		4	2	3008	
AC_VO		2		3	2	1504	

The main element configuration description of WMM configuration interface:

Interface Element	Description				
2.4G WMM	2.4G WMM Configuration Bar				
Configuration					
Scene	WMM scene settings, options:				
	No priority;				
	Multimedia First;				
	• User-defined.				
	 Note: The default scenario is no priority. At this time, data stream and video voice stream have the same priority, and no one has the priority. After selecting WMM function, the device can process the data packet with priority level, improving the data transmission performance of WMM and ensuring the service quality of voice, video and other services with high real-time requirements. To select user-defined functions, users need to set their own parameters. 				
EDCA AP Parameters	WMM priority queue, options:				
	AC-BE (best effort streaming);				
	AC-BK (background streaming);				
	AC-VI (video streaming);				
	AC-VO (voice streaming).				
CWmin	Minimum competition window, available values: 1, 3, 7,				
	15, 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, 1023, 2047, 4095, 8191,				
	16383, 32767.				

Interface Element	Description						
CWmax	Maximum competition window, available values: 1, 3, 7,						
	15, 31, 63, 127, 255, 511, 1023, 2047, 4095, 8191,						
	16383, 32767, and the value of maximum competition						
	window must be larger than the value of the minimu						
	competition window.						
AIFSN	AIFSN, Arbitration Inter Frame Spacing Number WMM						
	can configure different idle waiting time for different AC.						
	The larger the value of AIFSN, the longer the idle waitin						
	time of users will be. Value range is 1-255.						
TXOP Limit	Transmission Opportunity Limit The maximum length of						
	time the user can occupy the channel after a successful						
	competition The larger this value is, the longer the user						
	can occupy the channel at a time. If it is 0, only one						
	message can be sent after occupying the channel at a						
	time. The value of this parameter must be positive and						
	modification is not recommended.						
EDCA STA Parameters	The EDCA(Enhanced Distributed Channel Access)						
	parameters of terminal device(namely workstation STA)						
	supporting 802.11 standard, such as CWmin, CWmax,						
	AIFSN, TXOP Limit.						

4.2 Wireless Client Filtering

Function Description

On the "Wireless Client Filtering" page, user can check current connecting devices and manage wireless user connection.

Operation Path

Open in order: "WLAN Settings > Wireless Client Filtering".

Interface Description 1: Current Connected

The interface of the current connected device is as follows:

Wireless Client Filter >	Current	Undecided list						
Connection Type Equipment name			IP	MAC	Signal	Upload	Download	Online Time
Refresh	Join cho	pice						

Interface Element	Description				
Connection Type	The connection mode of wireless client connected to this				
	device currently.				
Equipment name	The equipment name of wireless client connected to this				
	device currently.				
IP	The IP address of wireless client connected to this device				
	currently.				
MAC	The MAC address of wireless client connected to this device				
	currently.				
Signal	The signal strength of wireless client connected to this device				
	currently. The unit is dBm, the larger the value, the stronger				
	the signal.				
Upload	The upload flow of wireless client connected to this device				
	currently.				
Download	The download flow of wireless client connected to this device				
	currently.				
OnlineTime	The online time of wireless client connected to this device				
	currently.				

Configuration of the main elements of the current connected device interface:

Interface Description 2: Undecided List/Black List/White List

Undecided List/Black List/White List interface is as follows:

Wireless Client Filter > Current	Undecided list	
Equipment name	MAC	Operation
Filter rules Add	Delete	

The main element configuration description of Undecided List/Black List/White List interface:

Interface Element	Description
Equipment name	 The device name of wireless client in the list. Note: Click "add" to add device to list manually. Click "Filter rules" button, you can switch current list between black List, white List and undecided list, to filter wireless client.

Interface Element	Description		
MAC	MAC address of wireless client in the list.		
Operation	Edit wireless client information.		

Interface Description 3: Filter Rule

Click the "Filter Rule" button to switch lists.

The filter rules interface as follows:

	Х
Black list	
White list	
Stop filter	

The main element configuration description of filter rules:

Interface Element	Description			
Black List	The list of wireless client banned from visiting wireless			
	device.			
White List	The list of wireless client allowed to visit wireless device.			
Stop filter	The pending list of wireless client visiting wireless device.			



Only the current list takes effect after switching the list via filter rules.



5.1 Port Forward

The Port Forward function enables user to set public service on his own network, such as Web server, FTP server, E-mail server or other applications that run only through internet. When user sends those types of requests to your network via internet, the router would forward them to the corresponding client via port forward function.

Function Description

On the "Port Forward" page, user can check or add port forward entry. It allows outer network client to visit specified device via specified port.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > Port Forward"

Interface Description

The port forward interface as follows:

Port Forward					
Enable	Protocol	External port Internal port	Internal IP	Describe	Operation
Add	Delete				

The main element configuration description of port forward interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	Enable port forward or not:		
	ON Status		
	• OFF		
Protocol	The protocol type used by port forward data package:		
	• TCP		
	• UDP		

Interface Element	Description			
	TCP/UDP			
External port	The external port number used by external network.			
Internal port	The internal port number used by internal network.			
Internal IP	The IP address of device specified by internal network			
Describe	Remarks of port forward entries.			
Operation	Edit: modify port forwarding entry information			
Add	Click the "Add" button to add new port forwarding entry in the			
	pop-up window of "Port Forwarding".			
Delete	Check the port forwarding information that needs to be			
	deleted, then click "delete" button to delete it.			

5.2 Port Redirection

Function Description

On the "Port Redirection" page, user can check or add port redirection entry, which allows client in LAN to visit the specified port of device with IP address specified by external network via specified port.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > Port Redirection".

Interface Description

The port redirection interface as follows:

ort Redi	rection						
	Enable	Protocol	Internal port	External port	External IP	Describe	Operatio
	Add	Delete					

The main element configuration description of port redirection interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	Enable port redirection or not:		
	ON Status		
	OFF		
Protocol	The protocol type used by port redirection data package:		
	• TCP		
	• UDP		
	TCP/UDP		

Interface Element	Description				
Internal port	The internal port number used by internal network.				
External port	The external port number used by external network.				
External IP	The device IP address specified by external network				
Describe	The remark information of port redirection entry				
Operation	Edit: modify port redirection entry information				
Add	Click the "add" button to add new port redirection in the				
	pop-up window of "Port Redirection"				
Delete	Check the port redirection information that needs to be				
	deleted, then click "delete" button to delete the port				
	redirection.				

5.3 DMZ Settings

DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) is a buffer zone built between non-safety system and safety system for solving the problem that visitor from external network cannot visit internal network server after the firewall is installed.

Function Description

On the page "DMZ Settings", user can enable or disable DMZ function. The client can visit the specified LAN client via WAN.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > DMZ Setting".

Interface Description

DMZ filter interface as follows:

DMZ Setting	
Enable Internal IP address Save	✓ 1.1.1.1

The main element configuration description of DMZ setting interface:

Interface Element	Description							
Enable	DMZ	Settings	enable	checkbox,	check	to	enable	DMZ
	setting	gs functior	า.					

Interface Element	Description
Internal IP address	The IP address of LAN client, for example: 192.168.1.123.

5.4 Serial Port Application

The device has integrated instant networking function for serial device, which can convert serial signal into Ethernet wired or wireless signal to achieve signal transmission of serial port on Ethernet.

Function Description

On the "Serial Port Application" page, user can configure basic parameter information of the corresponding serial port, including baud rate, data bit, stop bit and parity bit, as well as work mode.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Advanced Network > Serial Port Application".

Interface Description 1: Serial Port Application

Serial port application >	Serial port application	Serial port setup
Serial port number	1	•
Enable		
Baud rate	115200	•
Data bits	8	•
Stop bits	1	•
Parity bit	None	•
Interface mode	RS232	•
	Save	

The serial port application interface as follows:

The main element configuration description of serial port application interface:

Interface Element		Description
Serial	port	The corresponding serial port number of device's serial port.
number.		
Enable		Serial server enable check box, check it to enable the serial
		server function.

Interface Element	Description		
Baud Rate	Choose baud rate of corresponding serial port. Unit: bps.		
	Options:		
	300/600/1200/2400/4800/9600/19200/38400/57600/115200.		
Data Bits	Choose data bit of corresponding serial port. Unit: bit.		
	Options:		
	• 7;		
	• 8.		
Stop Bits	Choose stop bit of corresponding serial port. Options:		
	• 0;		
	• 1;		
Parity Bit	Select parity bits of corresponding serial number. Options:		
	None		
	• Odd		
	• Even		
Interface mode	Serial port mode. Options are:		
	• RS232;		
	• RS485/RS422.		

Interface Description 2: Serial Port Setup

The serial port setup interface:

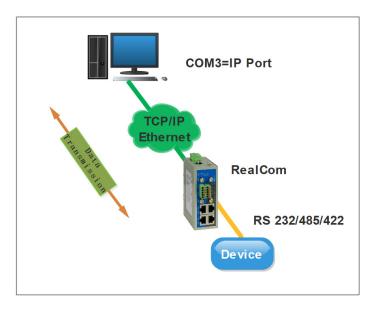
Serial port application > Serial po	ort application	Serial port setup		
Serial number 1				
Work mode	RealCom Mo	de	•]
Max connection	1		•]
TCP lifetime	0			Range:0-65535(s)
Packaging mode	Interval time		•]
Packing length	0			Range:0-1024(bit)
Delivery Time	0			Range:10-65535(ms)
Number of delimited characters	0		•]
Delimiter 1	00			Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter 2	00			Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter processing	Retain		٣]
	Save			

The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface:

Interface Element	Description
Work mode	The work modes of serial port are as follows:
	RealCom Mode: Real serial port mode;
	TCP Server: TCP server mode;
	TCP Client: TCP client mode;
	UDP Server: UDP server mode;
	UDP Client: UDP client mode.
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.
	 Each host communicates with serial port in the order of first-in first-out;
	• The system supports up to 4 connections.
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of
	TCP connection. If the reply packet of opposite side hasn't
	been received after sending probe packet for 3 times,
	system will regard the opposite side as down and forwardly
	close the communication connection. If set TCP Alive Time
	to "0", the function will be disabled. Effective time range
	0~65535s.
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The
	options are as follows:
	Forced time: the system packages serial port data
	received within a specified time into Ethernet packets and transmit them.
	 Interval: after sending the last Ethernet packet for some
	time, the system packages the received serial port data
	into Ethernet packets and sends them out;
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or
	equals to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1024. It
	means no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0.
	Note: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.
Delivery time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time
	or interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms.
	Note: Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.
Number of delimited	Select the number of delimited characters, the options are
characters	as follows:

Interface Element	Description			
	• 0: disable the delimited character function;			
	• 1: enable Delimiter 1;			
	• 2: enable Delimiter 2.			
	Note:			
	If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network.			
Delimiter 1	The Delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is			
	00-FF.			
Delimiter 2	The Delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is			
	00-FF.			
Delimiter processing	Select the character processing method. Options:			
	• Retain: the system would send out the received			
	delimiter and other data via network.			
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of			
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits			
	data except delimiter.			

5.4.1 RealCom Mode



Note:

The device picture mentioned in above figure is only an example, and the actual appearance of the device is subject to the device obtained.

In RealCom mode, the serial port server and Windows / Linux operating system with the RealCOM drive work cooperatively. RealCom COM / TTY driver establishes a transparent network transmission connection between the host and the serial device in the operating system. Map the serial port of the serial port server to the local COM/TTY device of the host according to the user configured serial server IP address and serial port number and other parameters. The original serial device software or communication module without modification can be used directly without modification. The RealCom driver gets the data be sent to the local COM / TTY device of the host, then sends it over Ethernet in the form of TCP / IP packet. At the other end of the transparent transmission, the serial server will receive the TCP / IP packet and analyse the packet, and after unpacking send the original data to the serial device through the corresponding serial port, and vice versa.

Interface Description

The serial port setup interface in RealCom Mode:

Serial port application > Serial po	rt application Se	erial port setup	
Serial number 1			
Work mode	RealCom Mode	٦	7
Max connection	1	,	,
TCP lifetime	0		Range:0-65535(s)
Packaging mode	Interval time	•	•
Packing length	0		Range:0-1024(bit)
Delivery Time	0		Range:10-65535(ms)
Number of delimited characters	0	•	7
Delimiter 1	00		Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter 2	00		Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter processing	Retain	,	7
	Save		

The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface in RealCom Mode:

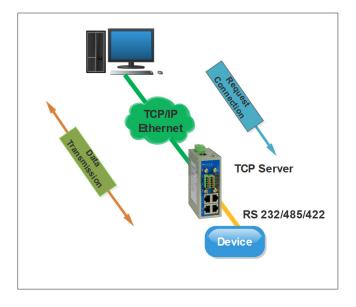
Interface Element	Description	
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.	
	• Each host communicates with serial port in the order of	

<u>3onedata</u>

Interface Element	Description
	first-in first-out;
	The system supports up to 4 connections.
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of
	TCP connection. If the reply packet of opposite side hasn't
	been received after sending probe packet for 3 times, system
	will regard the opposite side as down and forwardly close the
	communication connection. If set TCP Alive Time to "0", the
	function will be disabled. Effective time range 0~65535s.
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The
	options are as follows:
	 Forced time: the system packages serial port data
	received within a specified time into Ethernet packets and
	transmit them.
	Interval: after sending the last Ethernet packet for some
	time, the system packages the received serial port data
	into Ethernet packets and sends them out;
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals
	to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means
	no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0.
	Note: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length
	value and the set value.
Delivery time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or
	interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms.
	Note: Sotting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on date
	Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.
Number of	Select the number of delimited characters, the options are as
delimited	follows:
characters	• 0: disable the delimited character function;
	• 1: enable Delimiter 1;
	• 2: enable Delimiter 2.
	Note: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the
	number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would
	detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters),
	the system would send out all cached serial data via network.
Delimiter 1	The Delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is

Interface Element	Description	
	00-FF.	
Delimiter 2	The Delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is	
	00-FF.	
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options:	
processing	 Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter and other data via network. 	
	 Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of 	
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits	
	data except delimiter.	

5.4.2 TCP Server Mode



Note:

The device picture mentioned in above figure is only an example, and the actual appearance of the device is subject to the device obtained.

In the TCP server mode, the serial device server is assigned an IP port number, passive waiting for the host connection. When the host initiates a connection request and establishes a connection with the serial device server, the host can realize bidirectional transparent data transmission through the network connection and the serial port. The TCP server mode supports up to four session connections simultaneously, allowing multiple hosts to simultaneously read or send Ethernet data to a serial device.

Interface Description

The serial port setup interface in TCP Server Mode:

Serial port application > Serial port	rt application Se	erial port setup	
Serial number 1			
Work mode	Tcp Server Mode	•	
Max connection	1	۲	•
TCP lifetime	0		Range:0-65535(s)
Data port			Range:0-65535
Idle time-out			Range:0-65535(s)
Packaging mode	Interval time	•	
Packing length	0		Range:0-1024(bit)
Number of delimited characters	0	•	
Delimiter 1	00		Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter 2	00		Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter processing	Retain	•	
Delivery Time	0		Range:10-65535(ms)
	Save		

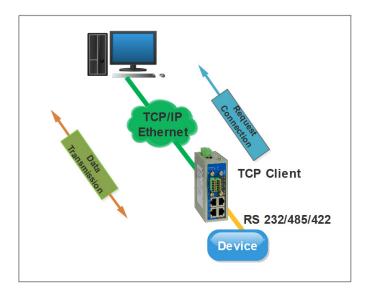
The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface in TCP Server Mode:

Interface Element	Description		
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.		
	• Each host communicates with serial port in the order of		
	first-in first-out;		
	The system supports up to 4 connections.		
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system		
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of		
	TCP connection. If the reply packet of opposite side hasn't		
	been received after sending probe packet for 3 times, system		
	will regard the opposite side as down and forwardly close the		
	communication connection. If set TCP Alive Time to "0", the		
	function will be disabled. Effective time range 0~65535s.		
Data port	The destination connection port of TCP client.		
Idle timeout	Set the idle time-out of current serial data communication link.		
	• If the idle time-out during communication is larger than 0,		

Interface Element	Description		
Packaging mode	 the system would close the TCP connection without any data transmission activity occurring in the specified time automatically; If the idle time-out is equal to 0, it means the free TCP connection would not be closed automatically. The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The 		
	 options are as follows: Forced time: the system packages serial port data received within a specified time into Ethernet packets and transmit them. Interval: after sending the last Ethernet packet for some time, the system packages the received serial port data into Ethernet packets and sends them out; 		
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0. Note: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.		
Number of			
delimited characters	 follows: 0: disable the delimited character function; 1: enable Delimiter 1; 2: enable Delimiter 2. Note: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), 		
Delimiter 1	the system would send out all cached serial data via network. The Delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.		
Delimiter 2	The Delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.		
Delimiter processing	 Select the method of delimiter processing. Options: Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter and other data via network. Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits data except delimiter. 		

Interface Element	Description	
Delivery time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or	
	nterval time. The value range is 0-65535ms.	
	Note:	
	Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data	
	transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.	

5.4.3 TCP Client Mode



Note:

The device picture mentioned in above figure is only an example, and the actual appearance of the device is subject to the device obtained.

In the TCP client mode, the serial device server can automatically establish a network connection with the host specified by the user when the serial data arrives. When the data transmission is completed, the serial server will automatically shut down the network connection according to the parameters such as TCP alive time and TCP idle timeout time. Similarly, TCP client mode can support up to four session connections at the same time, so that multiple hosts can simultaneously read or send Ethernet data to a serial device.

Interface Description

The serial port setup interface in TCP Client Mode:

Serial port application > Serial po	rt application Serial port setup	
Serial number 1		
Work mode	Tcp Client Mode]
Max connection	1 •	
Destination address	Destination port	Local port
TCP lifetime	0	Range:0-65535(s)
Idle time-out		Range:0-65535(s)
Packaging mode	Interval time	
Packing length	0	Range:0-1024(bit)
Delivery Time	0	Range:10-65535(ms)
Number of delimited characters	0 🗸	
Delimiter 1	00	Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter 2	00	Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter processing	Retain	
	Save	

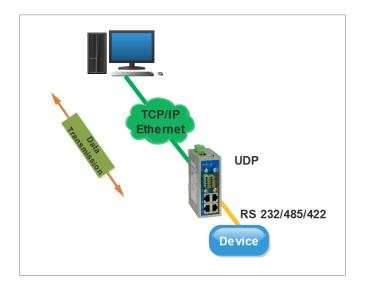
The main element configuration description of serial port setup interface in TCP Client Mode:

Interface Element	Description	
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.	
	• Each host communicates with serial port in the order of	
	first-in first-out;	
	The system supports up to 4 connections.	
Destination	Enter the IP address of the server that would be connected to	
Address	serial port.	
Destination Port	Enter the TCP port number of the server that would be	
	connected to serial port.	
Local port	The local port allocated for TCP connection by the system,	
	which could offer service or connection for the outside world,	
	used for connecting and communicating with server.	
TCP lifetime	If no TCP activity occurs within the allotted time, the system	
	would send contact-probing message to check the validity of	
	TCP connection. If the reply packet of opposite side hasn't	
	been received after sending probe packet for 3 times, system	
	will regard the opposite side as down and forwardly close the	
	communication connection. If set TCP Alive Time to "0", the	
	function will be disabled. Effective time range 0~65535s.	
Idle timeout	Set the idle time-out of current serial data communication link.	

Interface Element	Description	
	 If the idle time-out during communication is larger than 0, the system would close the TCP connection without any data transmission activity occurring in the specified time automatically; If the idle time-out is equal to 0, it means the free TCP connection would not be closed automatically. 	
Packaging mode	 The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The options are as follows: Forced time: the system packages serial port data received within a specified time into Ethernet packets and transmit them. 	
	 Interval: after sending the last Ethernet packet for some time, the system packages the received serial port data into Ethernet packets and sends them out; 	
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0. Note: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.	
Delivery time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms. Note: Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.	
Number of delimited characters	 Select the number of delimited characters, the options are as follows: 0: disable the delimited character function; 1: enable Delimiter 1; 2: enable Delimiter 2. Note: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network. 	
Delimiter 1	The Delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.	
Delimiter 2	The Delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.	
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options:	

Interface Element	Description
processing	• Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter
	and other data via network.
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits
	data except delimiter.

5.4.4 UDP Server Mode



Note:

The device picture mentioned in above figure is only an example, and the actual appearance of the device is subject to the device obtained.

In UDP mode, serial server can be a server or a client. It use the UDP protocol and user-specified host for serial data transmission. UDP mode serial device server can transfer data from the serial device to one or more hosts, and the serial device server can also receive data from one or more hosts. Compared with TCP mode, UDP protocol is faster and more efficient.

Interface Description

Screenshot of the serial port settings interface in UDP Server Mode:

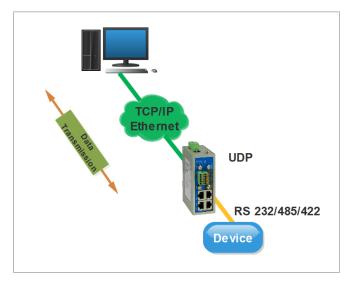
Serial port application > Serial por	rt application	Serial port setup		
Serial number 1				
Work mode	Udp Server M	lode	۲	
Max connection	1		۲	
Data port				Range:0-65535
Packaging mode	Interval time		•	
Packing length	0			Range:0-1024(bit)
Delivery Time	0			Range:10-65535(ms)
Number of delimited characters	0		•	
Delimiter 1	00			Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter 2	00			Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter processing	Retain		٣	
	Save			

The main elements configuration description of serial port settings interface under UDP Server Mode:

Interface Element	Description		
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.		
	• Each host communicates with serial port in the order of		
	first-in first-out;		
	The system supports up to 4 connections.		
Data port	The data port on which the network receives UDP data. The		
	user must assign a unique data port to each serial port for the		
	system to receive UDP data normally.		
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. The		
	options are as follows:		
	Forced time: the system packages serial port data		
	received within a specified time into Ethernet packets and transmit them.		
	Interval: after sending the last Ethernet packet for some		
	time, the system packages the received serial port data		
	into Ethernet packets and sends them out;		
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set		
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals		
	to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means		
	no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0.		

Interface Element	Description		
	Note: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.		
Delivery time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or		
	interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms. Note: Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.		
Number of	Select the number of delimited characters, the options are as		
delimited	follows:		
characters	• 0: disable the delimited character function;		
	• 1: enable Delimiter 1;		
	• 2: enable Delimiter 2. Note:		
	If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network.		
Delimiter 1	The Delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is		
	00-FF.		
Delimiter 2	The Delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is		
	00-FF.		
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options:		
processing	• Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter		
	and other data via network.		
	Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of		
	delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits		
	data except delimiter.		

5.4.5 UDP Client Mode



Note:

The device picture mentioned in above figure is only an example, and the actual appearance of the device is subject to the device obtained.

In UDP mode, serial server can be a server or a client. It use the UDP protocol and user-specified host for serial data transmission. UDP mode serial device server can transfer data from the serial device to one or more hosts, and the serial device server can also receive data from one or more hosts. Compared with TCP mode, UDP protocol is faster and more efficient.

Interface Description

Screenshot of the serial settings interface in UDP Client Mode:

Serial port application > Serial por	t application	Serial port setup		
Serial number 1				
Work mode	Udp Client M	ode	•	
Max connection	1		•	
Destination address	Destinat	tion port		
Packaging mode	Interval time		•	
Packing length	0			Range:0-1024(bit)
Delivery Time	0			Range:10-65535(ms)
Number of delimited characters	0		•	
Delimiter 1	00			Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter 2	00			Example:0x00-0xff
Delimiter processing	Retain		٣	
	Save			

The main elements configuration description of serial settings interface under UDP Client Mode:

Interface Element	Description		
Max connection	The number of host that one serial port connects to.		
	• Each host communicates with serial port in the order of		
	first-in first-out;		
	The system supports up to 4 connections.		
Destination	Enter the IP address of the opposite host that serial port		
Address	needs to be connected to.		
Destination Port	Enter the port number of the opposite host that serial port		
	needs to be connected to.		
Packaging mode	The serial data is packaged into Ethernet data frame. Th		
	options are as follows:		
	Forced time: the system packages serial port data		
	received within a specified time into Ethernet packets and		
	transmit them.		
	Interval: after sending the last Ethernet packet for some		
	time, the system packages the received serial port data		
	into Ethernet packets and sends them out;		
Packing length	The frame length of serial data to Ethernet data. In the set		
	time range, the data forwards when it is greater than or equals		

Interface Element	Description
	to the set frame length. The value range is 0~1460. It means
	no limit on data transmission length when it' set to 0. Note: There are some slight deviations between the actual package length value and the set value.
Delivery time	The time parameters in the packaging mode of forced time or
	interval time. The value range is 0-65535ms. Note: Setting the transmission time to 0 means no limit on data transmission interval time or not to enable forced time.
Number of	Select the number of delimited characters, the options are as
delimited	follows:
characters	• 0: disable the delimited character function;
	• 1: enable Delimiter 1;
	• 2: enable Delimiter 2. Note: If the packaging length or the forced transfer time is 0 and the number of delimited character is greater than 0, the system would detect and process the delimiter after receiving serial data. Every time it receives matched delimiter (or combination of characters), the system would send out all cached serial data via network.
Delimiter 1	The Delimiter 1 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.
Delimiter 2	The Delimiter 2 is expressed in hexadecimal, value range is 00-FF.
Delimiter	Select the method of delimiter processing. Options:
processing	 Retain: the system would send out the received delimiter and other data via network. Delete: the matched delimiter (or combination of delimiter) would be deleted. The system only transmits data except delimiter.

5.5 UPnP Settings

Universal Plug and Play (UPP) is a network structure used for common peer-to-peer network connection (P2P) of computers and smart devices (or instruments). Based on Internet standards and technologies (such as TCP/IP, HTTP and XML), UPnP enables devices to automatically connect and work with each other.

When the router enables UPnP function, if the software on the user's computer also supports UPnP protocol, the router will open the corresponding virtual server port according to the requirements of user software. Based on the UPnP protocol, hosts on the LAN can request routers to perform specific ports translation, allowing external hosts to access resources on internal hosts when needed. Devices that support UPnP can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN. UPnP also allows supported devices to automatically leave the network without negatively impacting the device itself or other devices on the network.

Function Description

On the page of "UPnP Settings", user can view internal ports translation information and configure UPnP parameters.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > UPnP Settings".

Interface Description 1: UPnP

UPnP settings interface as follows:

UPnP Settings >	UPnP	UPnP S	ettings		
Protocol	Extern	al port	Internal port	Internal IP	Describe

The main elements configuration description of UPnP settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Protocol	The type of protocol that adopts UPnP port translation, such		
	as TCP or DUP.		
External port	The router port number used for port translation is the external		
	port number.		
Internal port	The port number of local LAN host that needs to be		
	converted.		
Internal IP	The IP address of local LAN host that needs to be converted.		
Describe	The description of the application when it requests port		
	translation from the router via UPnP.		

Interface description 2: UPnP settings

UPnP settings interface as follows:

UPnP Settings >	UPnP	UPnP Settings	
EnableUPnP			
EnableNET-PMP			✓
Delivery Time			
Show it in your online neighbors			 Image: A start of the start of
Automatic deletion of invalid rule intervals			1-254
Automatic deletion of invalid rule thresholds			s 1-254
Save			

The main element configuration description of UPnP settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable UPnP	UPnP enable checkbox, check to enable UPnP function.
EnableNET-PMP	The NAT-PMP function enable checkbox, check to
	enable NAT-PMP function, and the router will allow the
	NAT LAN host to communicate with external devices to
	automate port conversion.
Security Model	Safe mode enable checkbox, after the safe mode is
	enabled, the client can only forward an input port to itself.
Show it in your online	Show the enable check box in Online neighbors, after
neighbors	checked, the device can be found in the PC Online
	neighbors or network devices.
Automatic deletion of	The system automatically deletes the invalid UPnP rules
invalid rule intervals	list after the specified interval, unit: second.
Automatic deletion of	The system automatically deletes the invalid UPnP rules
invalid rule thresholds	list after the quantity of invalid UPnP rules reaches the
	threshold.

5.6 VRRP

VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is a fault-tolerant protocol. In general, all hosts in a network will set a default route, when the destination address of the message sent by host isn't in the network segment; the message will be sent to the Router A via default router, achieving the communication between the host and external network. When the Router A breaks down, all hosts that takes Router A as default router in the network segment will disconnect communication to the outside,

generating single point of failure. VRRP is proposed to solve the problem above, and it's designed for the local area network (such as: Ethernet) with multicast or broadcast capability.

VRRP organizes a set of routers (including a Master, that is the active router and several Backup, that is the standby router) in the local area network into a virtual router, which is called a backup team. The virtual router possesses its own IP address 10.100.10.1 (The IP address can be same to a router interface address in the backup team, it's called IP owner), routers in the backup team have their own IP address (such as IP address of Master is 10.100.10.2, IP address of Backup is 10.100.10.3). Hosts in the local area network only knows the virtual router IP address is 10.100.10.1, it doesn't know that the specific Master router IP address is 10.100.10.2 and Backup router IP address is 10.100.10.3. Hosts set their own default router next hop address to the virtual router IP address 10.100.10.1. Thereupon, hosts in the network start to communicate with other networks via the virtual router. If the Master router in backup team breaks down, Backup router will elect a new Master router via election strategy and provide router service for hosts in the network. Therefore, hosts in the network can uninterruptedly communicate with outside network.

Principle of realization

A VRRP router has the only identification: VRID, range is 0-255. The router has only one virtual MAC address, and the address format is 00-00-5E-00-01-[VRID]. Master router is responsible for replying the ARP request by MAC address. Regardless of the switching, it's ensured to give the only consistent IP and MAC address to the terminal device, declining the switching influence to terminal device.

VRRP control message includes only one type: VRRP announce (advertisement). It's packaged by IP multicast data packet, the multicast address is 224.0.0.18, issue range can be only in the same local area network. It has ensured that VRID can be repeatedly used in different network. In order to decrease the network bandwidth consumption, only the master router can periodically send VRRP announce message. Backup router will start new VRRP election if it can't receive VRRP in three consecutive announce intervals or receives announce with 0 priority.

In the VRRP router group, the master router is elected by priority. The priority range in VRRP protocol is 0-255. If VRRP router IP address is the same to virtual router interface IP address, then the virtual router is called IP address owner in VRRP group;

IP address owner automatically has the highest priority: 255. Priority 0 is usually used when IP address owner forwardly gives up the master role. Configurable priority range is 1-254. Priority configuration principle is set according to the link speed and cost, router performance and reliability, and other management strategies. In the election of master router, virtual router with high priority wins; therefore, if there exists IP address owner in VRRP group, it will appear as the master router. Candidate router with the same priority can be elected according to IP address size order. VRRP has also provided priority preemption strategy, if the strategy is configured, backup router with high priority will deprive current master router with low priority and become the new master router.

Function Description

On the "VRRP Configuration" page, user can configure VRRP parameters.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > VRRP".

Interface Description

VRRP interface as below:

V	RRP									
		Enable	vid	Monitor port	Priority	Virtual IP	Notice interval	Forbidden preemption	Preemption dela y	Operation
		Add	Delete							

The main elements configuration description of VRRP interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	VRRP function status is displayed, options include:
	ON Status
	• OFF
Vid	Identity of the virtual router is displayed.
Monitor port	Monitor ports of the device is displayed, options include:
	• Br-lan
	• Eth1
Virtual IP	The IP address of the virtual router is displayed.
Notice interval	Interval at which Master device sends VRRP notice
	messages, unit: second.
Priority	Priority of the device. The priority is used for the election of
	Master device. The greater the value, the higher the priority.
Forbidden	Status display of forbidden preemption, options include:
preemption	ON Status
	OFF

Interface Element	Description
Preemption delay	The delay time of switching from Backup device to Master
	device.
Operation	Edit the VRRP entry.

Interface Description: VRRP-Add

Click the "Add" button to add virtual route. The VRRP-Add interface as follows:

			Range:1-100
lan		•]
			Range:1-254
]
3]
3			

The main elements configuration description of VRRP-Add interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	VRRP enable check box, check it to enable VRRP.
Vid	Identity of the virtual router, the valid range is 1-100. Virtual
	routers consisting of one master device and multiple backup
	devices have the same identity.
Monitor port	Drop-down list of VRRP monitor port, options as follows:
	Ian: LAN port as the monitor port;
	• wan: WAN port as the monitor port.
Priority	Priority of the device. The priority is used for the election of
	Master device. The greater the value, the higher the priority.
	The more likely it is to become Master device; the valid range
	is 1-254.
Virtual IP	IP address of the virtual router, such as 192.168.1.1. A virtual
	router can have one or more IP addresses.
Notice interval	Notice interval, valid range is 1-10 seconds. Master device

Interface Element	Description	
	periodically sends VRRP notice messages to announce its operating status.	
Forbidden preemption	 Disable preemption check box, check it to disable preemption. Check: Non-preemptive mode. When the priority of Backup device is higher than the one of Master device, Backup device won't become the Master device; Uncheck: Preemptive mode. When the priority of Backup device is higher than the one of Master device, Backup device will actively switch to Master device. 	
Preemption delay	The delay time of switching from Backup device to Master device, the valid range is 1-1000 seconds. Note: If the preemption delay time is too short, the device status will be frequently switched; so increasing the preemption delay time can effectively solve this problem.	

5.7 RIP

RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is a simple Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) and mainly used in small network, such as Campus Network and Local Area Network with simple structure. RIP isn't used in more complex environment and large network. RIP is simple to achieve and easier in configuration and maintenance than OSPF or IS-IS, so it's widely used in actual networking.

Function Description

On the page of "RIP", user can configure the RI related parameters.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > RIP".

Interface Description

The RIP interface as follows:

RIP		
Enable		
User name	 route_rip	
Password	zebra	
WAN segment	192.168.5.0/24	Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/xx
LAN segment	192.168.1.0/24	Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/xx
Save		

The main elements configuration description of RIP interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	RIP Enable checkbox, check to enable the RIP default		
	configuration.		
User name	User name used to log in to the RIP command line		
	configuration.		
Password	Password used to log in to the RIP command line		
	configuration.		
WAN segment	WAN segment information.		
LAN segment	LAN segment information.		

5.8 **OSPF**

OSPF (Open Shortest Path First), its characteristics include:

- It's a kind of routing protocol of link status and adopts the metric value based on bandwidth;
- It adopts SPF algorithm to calculate the route, and the SPF algorithm can avoid routing loop.
- Maintain routes through neighbor relationship to avoid the consumption of bandwidth by regular updates;
- The routing update is efficient with fast network convergence, which is suitable for large and medium-sized networks.

Function Description

On the page of "OSPF", user can configure the OSPF parameters.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > OSPF".

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Interface Description 1: OSPF Configuration

OSPF configuration interface is as follows:

OSPF >	OSPI	- Configuration	OSPF State	
Enable				
User nar	ne	route_ospf		
Passwor	d	zebra		
Routing	ID	192.168.5.100		
	Save			

The main element configuration description of OSPF configuration interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Enable	OSPF enable check box, check it to enable the OSPF	
	function.	
User name	User name used to log in to the OSPF command line	
	configuration.	
Password	Password used to log in to the OSPF command line	
	configuration.	
Routing ID	The router ID number, similar to the IP address format, is the	
	unique identification of router in the autonomous system.	

Interface Description 2: OSPF State

OSPF State interface as follow:

os	SPF >	OSPF Configuration	OSPF State	e	
		Subnet mask	¢	Respective regio n	Operation
		Add De	lete		

The main elements configuration description of OSPF State interface:

Interface Element	Description
Subnet mask	The network segment where the IP address of interface
	running OSPF protocol is located. A network segment can
	only belong to one area.

Interface Element	Description	
Respective region	The area number of the device. OSPF protocol divides the	
	autonomous system into different areas.	
Operation	Edit the OSPF network segment and region information.	

Interface Description: OSPF-Add

The OSPF-Add interface as follows:

		Х
Exclusive network segment settings		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/xx
Region		Range0-100
	set up	_

The main elements configuration description of OSPF-Add interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Exclusive network	The network segment where the IP address of interface		
segment settings	running OSPF protocol is located. A network segment can		
	only belong to one area, such as 10.1.1.1/24.		
Region	The area number of the device. OSPF protocol divides the		
	autonomous system into different areas, the valid range is		
	0-4294967295.		

5.9 Static DHCP

Function Description

On the page of "Static DHCP", user can add, delete, and view the configuration information of static clients. Bind the client's MAC address to the specified IP address to ensure that the address that the client obtains from the server each time is the binding IP address.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Advanced Network > Static DHCP".

Interface Description

Static DHCP interface as follows:

Static DHCP					
	MAG	Caddress	IP address	Host name	Operation
A	dd	Delete			

The main elements configuration description of static DHCP interface:

Interface Element	Description	
MAC address;	MAC address of DHCP client.	
IP Address	IP address bound to the MAC address of DHCP client.	
Host name	The name of DHCP client.	
Operation	Edit the static DHCP list.	

Interface Description: Static DHCP - Add

		Х
MAC address]
IP address]
Host name		
	set up	

Static DHCP-Add interface as follows:

The main elements configuration description of static DHCP-Add interface:

Interface Element	Description	
MAC address;	MAC address of the DHCP client, the format is	
	XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX.	
IP Address	IP address bound to the MAC address of DHCP client, such	
	as 192.168.1.1.	
Host name	Name or remarks of the DHCP client.	



Firewall is a network security system between internal network and external network. It's an information security protection system that allows or restricts the transmission of data in accordance with specific rules.

6.1 IP Filter

Function Description

On the "IP filter" page of firewall, user can check or add IP filter to forbid the communication between the clients in LAN and WAN.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Firewall > IP filter".

Interface Description

IP filter interface as follows:

IP Filter				
Protocol	Initial IP address	End IP Address	Remarks	Operation
Add	Delete			

The main element configuration description of IP filter interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Protocol	Protocols used by data packets.	
Initial IP address	Start IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the	
	device.	
End IP address	End IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the	
	device.	
Remarks	Remarks of IP filter entries.	

Interface Element	Description
Operation	Edit: Modify the filtering entries information.

Interface Description: Add IP Filter Entry

Click "Add" to increase IP filter entry.

IP filter interface as follows:

		Х
Protocol	All	
Initial IP address		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx
End IP Address		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Remarks		
	Save	

The main element configuration description of IP filter interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Protocol	Drop-down list of data packet protocol, options as follows:	
	• ALL;	
	• TCP;	
	• UDP.	
Initial IP address	Start IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the	
	device, such as: 192.168.1.123.	
End IP address	End IP address of LAN IP address range filtered by the	
	device, such as: 192.168.1.123.	
Remarks	Remarks of IP filter list support 10 Chinese characters or 32	
	valid characters, optional.	

6.2 MAC Filter

Function Description

On the "MAC filter" page of firewall, user can check or add MAC filter to forbid the communication between the clients in LAN and WAN; it can effectively control the WAN access rights of user in LAN.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Firewall > MAC filter".

Interface Description

MAC filter interface as follows:

MAC	Filter			
		MAC	Remarks	Operation
	Add	Delete		

The main element configuration description of MAC filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
MAC	MAC address of LAN client filtered by the device.
Remarks	Remarks of MAC filter entries.
Operation	Edit: Modify the filtering entries information.

Interface Description: Add MAC Filter Entry

Click "Add" to increase MAC filter entry.

MAC filter interface as follows:

		Х
MAC		Example:xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
Remarks		
		-
	Save	

The main element configuration description of MAC filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
MAC	MAC address of LAN client filtered by the device, such as:
	00:22:6F:00:00:01.
Remarks	Remarks of MAC filter entries, support 32 valid characters or
	10 Chinese characters, optional.

6.3 URL Filter

URL (Uniform Resource Locator) is the brief expression of access method and location of resources gained from Internet; it's the address of standard Internet resources. Each Internet file has a unique URL, which refers to the network address.

Function Description

On the "URL filter" page of firewall, user can check or add URL filter to prohibit the client in LAN from accessing URL address in WAN and prevent user from accessing some of the websites.

Operation Path

Please open in order: "Firewall > URL filter".

Interface Description

URL filter interface as follows:

UF	URL Filter				
			URL	Remarks	Operation
		Add	Delete		

The main element configuration description of URL filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
URL	URL address in LAN filtered by the device.
Remarks	Remarks for URL filter entries.
Operation	Edit: modify the filter list.

Interface Description: Add URL Filter List

Click "Add" to increase URL filter list.

URL filter interface as follows:

		X
URL		
Remarks		
	Save	

The main element configuration description of URL filter interface:

Interface Element Description

Interface Element	Description	
URL	URL address in WAN filtered by the device, ending with	
	".com", ".cn" and so on. Such as: sina.	
Remarks	Remarks of the URL filtering entry, it supports 32 valid	
	characters or 10 Chinese characters, and can be left blank.	

6.4 Keyword Filter

Keyword filtering refers to the pre-programming filtering of transmitted information in the network application, detecting the specified keywords and intelligently identifying whether there exists any violation of the specified policy in the network.

Function Description

On the page of "Keyword filter" of the firewall, user can view or add keyword filtering entries to prevent clients on the LAN from accessing to the network address corresponding to the keywords in the WAN.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Firewall > Keyword Filter".

Interface Description

Keyword filter interface as follows:

Keyword	Keyword Filter			
		Keyword	Remarks	Operation
	Add	Delete		

The main elements configuration description of keyword filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
Keyword	Keywords in the WAN filtered by this device.
Remarks	Remarks for keyword filtering entries.
Operation	Edit: Modify the filtering entries information.

Interface Description: Add keyword filtering entry

Click the "Add" button to add the keyword filtering entry. Keyword filter interface as follows:

	X
Save	
	Save

The main elements configuration description of keyword filter interface:

Interface Element	Description
Keyword	Keywords in the WAN filtered by this device.
Remarks	Remarks of the keyword filtering list; it supports 10 Chinese
	characters or 32 valid characters, and can be left blank.

6.5 IP Address Black/White List

Function Description

On the "Black and White List of IP Addresses" page of the firewall, you can control the communication between the client with the specified IP address in the LAN and the WAN according to the filter list.

Operation Path

Open in order "Firewall > IP Address Black/White List".

Interface Description

IP Address Black/White List interface is as follows:

Undecided list			
Equipment name	IP	Operation	
Filter rules Add	Delete		

The main element configuration description of black/white list of IP address interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Equipment name	The device name of client in the list.	
	Note:	
	• Click "add" to add device to list manually.	
	• Click "Filters rule" button, you can switch current list	
	between black List, white List and undecided list, to filter the	
	Client device.	

Interface Element	Description
IP IP address of client in the list.	
Operation	Edit device information.

Interface Description 3: Filter Rule

Click "Filter rules" button for list switching.

The filter rules interface as follows:

	Х
Black list	
said to the second	
White list	
Stop filter	

The main element configuration description of filter rules:

Interface Element	Description
Black List	The client is prohibited from accessing the WAN list.
White List	The client is allowed to access the WAN list.
Stop filter	The pending list of client visiting WAN.

Note

Only the current list takes effect after switching the list via filter rules.

7 VPN Tunnel

VPN (Virtual Private Network) is a temporary, secure connection established through a public network (usually the Internet). It is a secure and stable tunnel passing through a chaotic public network. Adopting this tunnel to encrypt data can ensure the secure use of Internet.

7.1 GRE Settings

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) protocol encapsulates data packets of certain network layer protocols (such as IP and IPX), so that these encapsulated data packets can be transmitted in another network layer protocol (such as IP). GRE adopts Tunnel technology, which is the layer 3 tunnel protocol of VPN (Virtual Private Network).

Function Description

On the page of "GRE Settings", user can configure the relevant parameters of GRE.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > GRE Settings".

Interface Description

GRE settings interface as follows:

GRI	E Setting	js							
		Enable	Num	Local address	Remote address	Tunnel address	Peer-to-Peer Net work	TerminalNetwork Mask	Operation
	,	Add	Delete						

The main elements configuration description of GRE settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	GRE settings is enabled or not:

Interface Element	Description	
	ON Status	
	• OFF	
Num	The serial number of GRE settings.	
Local address	Local IP address.	
Remote address	End IP address.	
Tunnel address	IP address of local GRE tunnel.	
Peer-to-Peer	Subnet IP of the end GRE, for example: 192.168.1.0.	
Network		
Terminal Network	Subnet mask of end GRE.	
Mask		
Operation	Edit: Modify the information of GRE settings entries.	
Add	Click the "Add" button to add GRE settings in the pop-up	
	window of "GRE Settings".	
Delete	User can select the GRE settings information that needs to be	
	deleted, and then click the "Delete Select" button in the upper	
	right corner to delete the GRE settings.	

7.2 PPTP Client Settings

Point to Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) is an enhanced security protocol. It supports multi-protocol virtual private network (VPN), which can enhance security through password authentication protocol (PAP), extensible authentication protocol (EAP) and other methods, and provide encrypted communication between PPTP client and server.

Function Description

On the page of "PPTP Client Settings", user can configure the parameters related to PPTP client.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > PPTP Client Settings".

Interface Description

The PPTP client settings interface is as follows:

PPTP Client Settings > PP	TP Client Settings1		
	_		
Enable			
Server address			
User name			
Password			
MPPE			
Service Network Section			Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Service Subnet Mask		۲	
MTU	1460		Range:576-1500
MRU	1460		Range:576-1500
Save			

The main elements configuration description of PPTP client settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	PPTP Client Settings enable checkbox, check to enable the		
	PPTP client settings function.		
Server Address	IP address of PPTP server		
User name	User name allowed by PPTP server		
Password	Password corresponding to the user name allowed by PPTP		
	server.		
MPPE	Functional enablement checkbox of MPPE (Microsoft		
	Point-to-Point Encryption) protocol, click to enable MPPE		
	encryption function.		
Service Network	Subnet segment of the PPTP server.		
Section			
Service Subnet	Drop-down box of subnet mask of the PPTP server.		
Mask			
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) input box, unit is byte,		
	the default value is 1460, and the recommended value		
	range is 576-1500.		
MRU	Maximum Receive Unit (MRU) input box, unit is byte, the		
	default value is 1460, and the value range is 576-1500.		

7.3 PPTP Server Settings

Function Description

On the page of "PPTP Server Settings", user can configure the parameters related to PPTP server.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > PPTP Server Settings".

Interface Description

The PPTP server settings interface is as follows:

PPTP Server Settings		
Enable		
User name		
Password		
MPPE		
Server virtual address		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client IP address pool		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client is network segment		
Client subnet segment		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client Subnet Mask		
Connection detection interval	60	Unit: Minutes
Max number of connect failures	5	Unit: Times
Save		

The main elements configuration description of PPTP server settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	PPTP Server Settings enable checkbox, check to enable		
	the PPTP server settings function;		
User name	User name provided by PPTP to the client for connection.		
Password	Password corresponding to the user name provided by		
	PPTP to the client for connection		
MPPE	Functional enablement checkbox of MPPE (Microsoft		
	Point-to-Point Encryption), click to enable MPPE		
	encryption function.		
Server virtual address	Virtual IP address of PPTP server.		
Client IP address pool	IP address pool range assigned to the client, the format		
	is: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx.		

Interface Element	Description
Client is network	The client is network segment enable check box allows
segment	routers with subnets as network segments to connect
	and access PPTP VPN servers as clients. Check this box
	to enable the client is network segment function.
Client subnet segment	Set the network segment that allows the client to access,
	and use it with the client as the network segment.
	Note: This input box can only be entered after enabling the function of client as the network segment.
Client Subnet Mask	Drop-down box of subnet mask of the PPTP client.
	Note: This input box can only be entered after enabling the function of client as the network segment.
Connection detection	Detect the interval of connection, the default value is 60,
interval	unit: second.
Max number of connect	Detect the maximum number of failed connections. The
failures	default value is 5.

7.4 L2TP Client Settings

Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) is an industry-standard Internet tunneling protocol. Its functions are roughly similar to those of PPTP protocol. It can also encrypt the network data flow. There are some differences between the two protocols: For example, PPTP requires the network to be an IP network, L2TP requires a point-to-point connection for data packets; PPTP uses a single tunnel, L2TP uses multiple tunnels; L2TP provides header compression and tunnel authentication, but PPTP does not support.

Function Description

On the page of "L2TP Client Settings", user can configure the parameters related to L2TP client.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > L2TP Client Settings".

Interface Description

The L2TP client settings interface is as follows:

L2TP Client Settings >	L2TP Client Settings1		
Enable			
Server address			
User name			
Password			
NAT forward			
Service Network Section			Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Service Subnet Mask		•	
MTU	1460		Range:576-1500
MRU	1460		Range:576-1500
Save			

The main elements configuration description of L2TP client settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	L2TP Client Settings enable checkbox, check to enable		
	the L2TP client settings function.		
Server Address	IP address of L2TP server		
User name	User name allowed by L2TP server.		
Password	Password corresponding to the user name allowed by		
	L2TP server.		
NAT forward	Enablement checkbox of NAT(Network Address		
	Translation), check to enable NAT forwarding. All data		
	flows of client are forwarded through the VPN server.		
Service Network	User name provided by L2TP to the client for connection		
Section			
Service Subnet Mask	Password corresponding to the user name provided by		
	L2TP to the client for connection		
МТО	Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) input box, unit is		
	byte, the default value is 1460, and the recommended		
	value range is 576-1500.		
MRU	Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) input box, unit is		
	byte, the default value is 1460, and the recommended		
	value range is 576-1500.		

7.5 L2TP Server Settings

Function Description

On the page of "L2TP Server Settings", user can configure the parameters related to L2TP server.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > L2TP Server Settings".

Interface Description

The L2TP server settings interface is as follows:

L2TP Server Settings		
	_	
Enable		
User name		
Password]
Server virtual address		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client Start IP Address		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client End IP Address		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client is network segment		
Client subnet segment		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
Client Subnet Mask	Ţ	
Connection detection interval	60	Unit: Minutes
Max number of connect failures	5	Unit: Times
Save		

The main elements configuration description of L2TP server settings interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Enable	L2TP Server Settings enable checkbox, check to enable	
	the L2TP server settings function;	
User name	User name provided by L2TP to the client for connection	
Password	Password corresponding to the user name provided by	
	L2TP to the client for connection	
Server Virtual Address	Virtual IP address of L2TP server	
Client Start IP Address	Minimum start IP address of L2TP client	
Client End IP Address	Maximum end IP address of L2TP client	
Client is network	"Client subnet segment" enblement checkbox. It allows	

Interface Element	Description		
segment	the router whose subnet is the network segment to		
	connect as a client and access the L2TP VPN		
	server.Click to enable the function of the client as		
	network segment.After enabled, the subnet segment and		
	mask of the client can be input.		
Client subnet segment	Set the network segment that allows the client to access,		
	and use it with the client as the network segment.		
	Note: This input hay can aply be entered after anabling the function		
	This input box can only be entered after enabling the function of client as the network segment.		
Client Subnet Mask	Drop-down box of subnet mask of the L2TP client.		
	Note: This input has an anly he entered after analysing the function		
	This input box can only be entered after enabling the function of client as the network segment.		
Connection detection	Detect the interval of connection, the default value is 60,		
interval	unit: second.		
Max number of connect	Detect the maximum number of failed connections. The		
failures	default value is 5.		

7.6 IPsec

The Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) protocol suite is a series of protocols developed by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) that provides high-quality, interoperable, cryptographic-based security for IP packets. The specific communication parties can ensure the privacy, integrity, authenticity and anti-replay of the datagram during transmission on the network through encryption and data source authentication at the IP layer.

- Confidentiality refers to the encryption and protection of user data and is transmitted in the form of cipher text.
- Data integrity refers to the authentication of received data, which can determine whether a message has been tampered with.
- Anti-replay refers to preventing an attack that malicious user repeatedly transmits captured packet, that is, the receiver rejects old or duplicate packets.

Function Description

On the page of "IPsec", user can configure the relevant parameters of IPsec.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN tunnel > IPsec".

Interface Description

IPsec settings interface as follows:

IPSec > IPSec1 IPSec2		
Enable IPSEC		
IPSEC extend	Normal 🔻	
Local IP (domain name)		
Local Subnet Mask		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx/xx
Remote-to-end gateway IP		
Remote Network Mask		Example:xxx.xxx.xxx/xx
Pre-shared keys		Please enter 8-64 English characters
Stage 1 DH group	modp1024 •	
Phase 1 Encryption Method	3des 🔻	
Stage 1 Authentication Method	md5 🔹	
Stage 1 SA Effective Time	28800	(Range:3600s-86400s)
Stage 2 DH group	modp1024 •	
Phase 2 Encryption Method	3des 🔻	
Stage 2 Authentication Method	md5 🔹	
Stage 2 SA Effective Time	3600	(Range:3600s-86400s)
Save		

The main elements configuration description of IPsec settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable IPSEC	IPSec Settings enable checkbox, check to enable IPSec		
	settings function.		
IPSEC extend	Drop-down box of IPSEC extension, options as follows:		
	Normal: Regular IPSEC;		
	GRE: GRE over IPSEC, GRE encapsulation based		
	on IPSEC encryption;		
	• L2TP: GRE over L2TP, L2TP encapsulation based		
	on IPSEC encryption.		
Local IP (domain	IP address/domain name of the local external network		
name)	port.		
Local Subnet Mask	The local subnet and mask of the router, for example:		
	192.168.4.0/24.		
Remote-to-end	IP or domain name of the end-to-end external network		
gateway IP	port.		

<u>3onedata</u>

Interface Element	Description		
Remote Network Mask	Protected subnet and subnet mask of the opposite IPsec		
	end , for example: 192.168.4.0/24.		
Pre-shared keys	Unicode string that verifies the IPsec connection.		
Stage 1 DH group	Stage 1 DH exchange algorithm, options as follows:		
	• modp 768		
	• modp1024		
	• modp1536		
Phase 1 Encryption	Phase 1 encryption algorithm, options as follows:		
Method	• 3des		
	• aes128		
	• aes192		
	• aes512		
Stage 1 Authentication	Stage 1 Authentication Method, options as follows:		
Method	• md5		
	• sha		
	• sha256		
	• sha384		
	• sha512		
Stage 1 SA Effective	Stage 1 SA survival time, unit is second and default is		
Time	28800.		
Stage 2 DH group	Stage 2 DH exchange algorithm, options as follows:		
	• modp 768		
	• modp1024		
	• modp1536		
Phase 2 Encryption	Phase 2 encryption algorithm, options as follows:		
Method	• 3des		
	• aes128		
	• aes192		
	• aes512		
Stage 2 Authentication	Stage 2 Authentication Method, options as follows:		
Method	• md5		
	• sha		
	• sha256		
	• sha384		
	• sha512		
Stage 2 SA Effective	Stage 2 SA Effective time, unit is second and default is		
Time	3600.		

7.7 OpenVpn Client Settings

OpenVPN is an open source encrypted tunnel construction tool. Based on the SSL/TLS protocol of OpenSSL, it can realize point-to-point SSL VPN secure connection in the Internet. OpenVPN provides two types of virtual network interfaces: TUN and TAP, which are used to establish IP tunnel and Ethernet bridge respectively. OpenVPN provides a variety of authentication methods to confirm the identities of both parties involved in the connection, including pre-shared private key, third-party certificate and user name/password combination.

By using OpenVPN, you can:

- Use specific UDP or TCP ports to realize VPN connection between two hosts.
- Realize the C/S structure and realize the interconnection of multiple Clients through server.
- Ensure the security of data transmission through TLS/SSL encryption.
- Through data compression, improve the speed of data transmission.

Function Description

On the page of "OpenVpn Client Settings", user can configure the parameters related to OpenVpn client.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN Tunnel > OpenVpn Client Settings".

Interface Description 1: OpenVpn Client Settings

The OpenVpn client settings interface is as follows:

OpenVpn client :	settings >	OpenVpn client settings	Siem openvpn	Siem openvpn status
Enable	U			
dev	tap		,	
proto	udp		,	
remoteip	192.168.10 .1	11	Example:xxx.xxx.x	xx.xxx
port	1194		Example:1-65535	
ca	ca.crt			
authtype	ssl	,	,	
tls-auth	ta.key			
cipher	AES-256-CI	3C '	,	
comp-lzo	Enable	,	,	
cert	client.crt			
key	client.key			
nobind	Enable		,	
Save				

The main elements configuration description of OpenVpn client settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable	Check the enable check box to enable the OpenVPN client.		
dev	The drop-down list of OpenVpn work mode, the options are as		
	follows:		
	• tun: Tun mode is the routing mode, which creates an IP		
	routing tunnel through OpenVPN.		
	• tap: tap mode is the bridging mode, which creates a		
	bridging network tunnel through OpenVPN.		
proto	The drop-down list of OpenVPN data transmission protocol		
	type. The options are:		
	tcp: Transmission Control Protocol;		
	udp: User Datagram Protocol.		
remoteip	IPv4 address information of OpenVPN server, such as		
	192.168.10.11.		
port	The port number monitored by the OpenVPN server. The		
	default value is 1194. The value range is 1-65535.		
са	CA (Certificate Authority) certificate file name, which is the CA		
	certificate used by OpenVPN client and server. It is mainly		
	used to verify the legitimacy of server or client certificate.		

Interface Element	Description	
authtype	The drop-down list of OpenVPN certificate type. The options	
	are:	
	• txt: use user name and password for authentication.	
	ssl: use SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) certificate for	
	authentication.	
tls-auth	TLS (Transport Layer Security) authentication key file name,	
	enhanced authentication encryption, and synchronization with	
	the server.	
cipher	The drop-down list of OpenVPN encryption algorithm. The	
	client and server are synchronized. The options are as	
	follows:	
	NONE	
	• BF-CBC	
	• DES-CBC	
	DES-EDE-CBC	
	DES-EDE3-CBC	
	DESX-CBC	
	• RC2-64-CBC	
	CAST5-CBC Dog of opp	
	 RC2-64-CBC AES-128-CBC 	
	 AES-128-CBC AES-192-CBC 	
	 AES-152-000 AES-256-CBC 	
	SEED-CBC	
comp-lzo	LZO drop-down list, options are:	
	• Enable: enable LZO algorithm to compress data, which is	
	consistent with the server settings.	
	• Disable.	
cert	In SSL authentication mode, the certificate file name of	
	OpenVPN client.	
key	In SSL authentication mode, the key file name of OpenVPN.	
txtuser	In Txt authentication mode, the user name of OpenVPN client.	
txtpassword	In Txt authentication mode, the user password of OpenVPN	
	client.	
nobind	Nobind drop-down list, options are:	
	Enable: the device does not bind any port to listen for	
	incoming data.	
	Disable.	

Note

CA, TLS-Auth, Cert, Key and other authentication files can be imported on the "VPN Tunnel > Certificate Settings" page.

Interface Description 2: Siemens OpenVPN

Siemens OpenVPN interface is as follows:

OpenVpn client settings >	OpenVpn client settings	Siem openvpn	Siem openvpn status
Enable client			
Show password			
Password			
Confirm password			
Profile name			(The name of the .ovpn file downloaded from the server)
Connect to remote subnet			Example:xxx.xxx.xxxx/xxx
Local subnet information			Example:xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/xxx
Save			

Main elements configuration descriptions of Siemens openvpn interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Enable client	Enable check box to enable Siemens OpenVPN client.		
Show password	Show password check box. Check it to view password		
	information.		
Password	Device password of the OpenVPN server.		
Confirm password	Enter the device password of the OpenVPN server again.		
Profile Name	The profile of OpenVPN server contains the configuration		
	and authentication information of VPN server.		
	Note The profile can be imported on the "VPN Tunnel > Certificate Settings" page.		
Connect to remote	IP address and subnet mask information of the remote		
subnet	OpenVPN server network.		
Local subnet	IP address and subnet mask information of the local		
information	subnet.		

Interface Description 3: Siemens openvpn State

Siemens openvpn state interface is as follow:

OpenVpn client settings > OpenVpn	client settings	Siem openvpn	Siem openvpn status	
Status	disconnect			
Device Location	irt5300			
Vendor	ROUTER			
Type of Connection (Server)	-			
Type of Connection (Device)	-			
Connected Local Subnet(s)	-			
Tunnel Interface Address	-			
Connected Remote Subnets	-			
Refresh				

The main elements configuration description of Siemens openvpn state interface:

Interface Element	Description
Status	Display OpenVPN connection status.
Device Location	Display the geographic location or name of the device.
Vendor	Display the supplier name.
Type of Connection	Displays the connection type of the server.
(Server)	
Type of Connection	Display the connection type of the device.
(Device)	
Connected Local	Display the information of the connected local subnet.
Subnet(s)	
Tunnel Interface	Displays the tunnel interface address.
Address	
Connected Remote	Display the information of the connected remote subnets.
subnet	

7.8 Certificate Settings

Function Description

On the "Certificate Settings" page, you can add OpenVPN client authentication certificates and related configuration files.

Operation Path

Open in order: "VPN Tunnel > Certificate Settings".

Interface Description

Certificate Settings interface is as follows:

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Certificate name Operation
ta.key Delete
Select file no choose brows

The main element configuration description of Certificate Settings interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Certificate name	Certificate name.	
Operation	Click "Delete" to delete the corresponding certificate file.	
Select file	Click "Browse" to select a local certificate file, and then click	
	"Import Certificate" to upload the certificate file to the device.	
	Note: Only files in ". crt", ".key" or ". ovpn" format can be uploaded.	



8.1 Time Settings

Function Description

On the page of "Time Setting", user can configure time-related parameters information.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Time setting".

Interface Description

Time setting interface as follows:

Time Setting		
Router name	ROUTER	
Router time	2021-03-02 17:44:07	Get local time
Time zone	UTC+08:00 •	
Enabling NTP Client	✓	
NTP server	ntp1.aliyun.com	
	ntp2.aliyun.com	
	ntp3.aliyun.com	
Save		

The main elements configuration description of time settings interface:

Interface Element	Description
Router name	The name of the router.
Router time	The time of the router, the format is: year-month-day hour:

Interface Element	Description
	minute: second.
Get local time	Click the button of Get local time to synchronize the local
	time with the router.
Time Zone	Drop-down box of time zone, user can choose according to
	their demands.
Enabling NTP	NTP Client Settings enable checkbox, check to enable the
Client	NTP client function to synchronize the time of the server with
	the client.
NTP Server	The address of the server that needs to be synchronized.
	Note: When there are multiple candidate NTP clients, the default is the first one. The higher the order, the higher the priority.
Save	Synchronize client and server time by clicking the button of
	"Save"

8.2 Access Settings

Function Description

On the page of "Access settings", user can enable remote access and modify the username and password for accessing the device.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Access settings".

Interface Description 1: Access Settings

Access settings interface as follows:

Access Settings >	Access Settings	Password Settings	
Enable remote acces Access port	8080		Range1024-65535
Save]		Kange roz 4 05555

The main elements configuration description of access settings interface:

Interface Elemen	t Descri	otion						
Enable remo	e Remote	access	s enable	checkbox	, che	eck to e	nable ren	note
access	access	the u	user can	access	the	device	through	the

Interface Element	Description
	HTTP/HTTPS protocol on the external network.
Access port	Port number of remote access, the port number defaults to
	8080.
	Note:
	Ensure the consistency of access port when accessing the device
	through a browser.

Interface Description 2: Password Settings

Password settings interface as follows:

Access Settings >	Access Settings	Password Settings	
New username Old password			
New password Save			

The main elements configuration description of password settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
New Username	New username settings of the device.		
	Note: Username and password are composed of capital and lower-case letters and numbers.		
Old Password	The login password used by the current device.		
	Note: The username and password of the device are both admin by default.		
New Password	New password settings of the device.		
	Note:		
	Username and password are composed of capital and lower-case letters and numbers.		
	letters and numbers.		

8.3 Timed Restart

Function Description

On the page of "Timed restart", user can configure the time for the device to automatically restart.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Timed restart".

Interface Description

The timed restart interface as follows:

Timed Restart				
Enable Time Setting	03 Sunday	H 00 Monday Tuesday	min Wednesday	Thursday Friday Saturday
Save				

The main elements configuration description of timed restart interface:

Interface Element	Description
Enable	Timed Restart enable checkbox, check to enable Timed
	Restart function.
Time Settings	Device restart time and date settings. When the set time is the
	same as the router time, the device will automatically restart.

8.4 Backup Recovery

Function Description

On the page of "Backup Recovery", user can select files for uploading configuration.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System Management > Backup Recovery".

Interface Description

The backup recovery settings interface as follows:

Backup Recovery	
Select file	Select file
Linked	1
Upload Press the Upload Config] juration button and the system will be restored to the configuration of the uploaded backup file.

The main elements configuration description of backup recovery settings interface:

Interface Element	Description		
Select file	The "Select file" button allows user to select the backup		
	configuration file for the host.		
Upload	Click the "Upload" button to upload the backup configuration		
	file to the current device, so that the device can restore the		
	configuration in the backup file.		

8.5 Log Manage

Function Description

On the page of "Log Manage", user can record the log files to the remote server.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System Manage > Log Manage".

Interface Description

The log management interface as follows:

Log Manage			
			7
Log file size	256		(KB)
Record to remote server			
Protocol type	Тср	•	
Server address			
Server Port			0 - 65535
Save			

The main elements configuration description of log management interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Log file size	Set the size of the log file, the default is 256KB.	
Record to remote	Record to remote server enable checkbox, check to	
server	enable the function of recording to remote server to	
	record log files to the remote server.	
Protocol type	Drop-down box of the protocol type used by the record to	
	remote server, options as follows:	
	• TCP	

Interface Element	Description	
	• UDP	
Server Address	IP address information of the remote server	
Server Port	Port number of the remote server.	

8.6 Firmware Upgrade

Function Description

On the "Firmware Upgrade" page, user can update the device system program via firmware upgrade.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System manage > Firmware update".

Interface Description

System upgrade interface is as follows:

Firmware Update		
Firmware version	V2.1100.8B2021022505R1695H00000	
Select file		Select file
Update	Reset	

Interface Element	Description	
Firmware version	Software version used by current device.	
Select file	Click "Select file" to select local upgrade file of the host. Note: Please select the program version that is compatible with the current hardware during upgrading.	
Update	 current hardware during upgrading. Click the button of "Update" to upgrade the device program. Notes: It takes a while during the upgrade process. Do not power off the device. After a successful upgrade, the configuration of the device will remain unchanged and the firmware version information will be changed. 	

The main element configuration description of Firmware Upgrade interface:

8.7 System Settings

Function Description

On the "System Settings" page, you can download the current configuration files, restore factory settings or reboot the device.

Operation Path

Open in order: "System Management > System Settings".

Interface Description

System settings interface is as follows:

System Settings				
Download	Download			
Restore	Factory Reset			
System Restart	Start			

The main elements configuration description of system settings interface:

Interface Element	Description	
Download	Click "download" button, you can download the current	
	configuration "bakup.file" to local PC to backup the device	
	configuration.	
Restore	Click "Factory Reset" button, then click "OK" button to	
	confirm restoring factory defaults.	
System Restart	Click "Start" to reboot the device system. After the system	
	restarts, it will jump back to the login interface.	



9.1 System Log

Function Description

On the page of "System log", user can view the device system logs.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Diagnostic tools > System log".

Interface Description

System log interface as follows:

Num	Non gra 🔻	Time 🔻	Content
1	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:16 /	ser.notice root: ttydevice == /dev/ttyUSB0
2	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:16 /	ser.notice root: AT == /usr/sbin/atcmd -t 10 -d /dev/ttyUSB0
3	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:15 /	ser.notice root: fix_sum=18
4	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:15 /	ser.notice root: sim=1
5	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:15 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23778]: RX:AT^SYSINFO^SYSINFO: 1,0,0,5,255,,4
6	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:15 /	ser.info web-management[1787]: Maybe is a invalid request of conte length: 0 cl=0
7	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:15 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23778]: TX:AT^SYSINFO
8	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:13 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23770]: RX:AT^LEDCTRL?^LEDCTRL: 10K
9	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:13 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23770]: TX:AT^LEDCTRL?
10	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:12 /	ser.notice root: ttydevice == /dev/ttyUSB0
11	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:12 /	ser.notice root: AT == /usr/sbin/atcmd -t 10 -d /dev/ttyUSB0
12	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:11 /	ser.notice root: fix_sum=17
13	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:11 /	ser.notice root: sim=1
14	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:11 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23751]: RX:AT^SYSINFO^SYSINFO: 1,0,0,5,255,,4
15	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:10 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23751]: TX:AT^SYSINFO
16	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:09 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23743]: RX:AT^LEDCTRL?^LEDCTRL: 10K
17	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:09 /	ocal1.notice atcmd[23743]: TX:AT^LEDCTRL?
18	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:08 /	ser.notice root: ttydevice == /dev/ttyUSB0
19	info	2021 - 3 / 2 / 17:46:08 /	ser.notice root: AT == /usr/sbin/atcmd -t 10 -d /dev/ttyUSB0
20	info	2021 - 2 / 2 / 17-46-07 /	ser notice root: fix sum=16
NO:1—20 Total item:3833 Total page:192 Items display 20 all 🔇 NO 1 page 🕥			

Interface Element	Description		
Num	Log messages display sequence.		
None	User can select the category of log to display specific log		
	information. Optional values:		
	NONE: all information;		
	Error: error messages;		
	Warning: warning messages.		
Time	The date and time filter button for log information.		
	Click the "Time" button to filter the start date and end date.		
Content	A detailed description of the log contents.		
Items display	"Items display" button, log information display mode, options		
	as follows:		
	• 20: Display 20 log messages per page;		
	All: Single page displays all log information.		
Refresh	Click the "Refresh" button to regain the latest log information		
	of the device.		
Export	Click the "Export" button to export the log information in the		
	format of ".txt".		

The main elements configuration description of system log interface:

9.2 Ping Test

Ping belongs to a communication protocol and is part of the TCP/IP protocol. User can adopt the ping command to check whether the network is connected, which can help us analyze and determine network faults.

Function Description

On the page of "Ping test", user can detect whether the target host can be connected.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Diagnostic tools > Ping test".

Interface Description

The Ping test interface as follows:

Ping Test		
IP/URL		Ping

The main elements configuration description of Ping test interface:

Interface Element	Description
IP/URL	Target IP/URL address information to be detected.
Ping	Click the "Ping" button to start the test, and the test result is
	displayed below.

9.3 Route Tracking

Route Tracking is a route-tracking utility that determines the path taken by an IP datagram to access a destination. The Route Tracking command uses the IP Time to Live (TTL) field and ICMP error messages to determine the route from one host to other hosts on the network.

Function Description

On the page of "Route Tracking", user can perform route tracking for the target host.

Operation Path

Open in order: "Diagnostic Tools > Route Tracking".

Interface Description

The route tracking interface is as follows:

Route Tracking	
IP/URL	Route Trace

The main elements configuration description of route tracking interface:

Interface Element	Description
IP/URL	Destination IP/URL address that requires route tracking.
Route Trace	Click the "Route Trace" button to start tracking, and the test
	results are displayed below.

10 Maintenance and Service

According to our company's product specification, during the warranty period, if the product exists any failure or functional operation fails, our company will repair or replace the product for users free of charge. However, the commitments above do not cover damage caused by improper usage, accident, natural disaster, incorrect operation or improper installation.

In order to ensure that consumers benefit from our company's product, consumers can get help and solutions in the following ways:

- Internet Service;
- Service Hotline;
- Product repair or replacement;

10.1 Internet Service

More useful information and tips are available via our company website. Website: http://www.3onedata.com

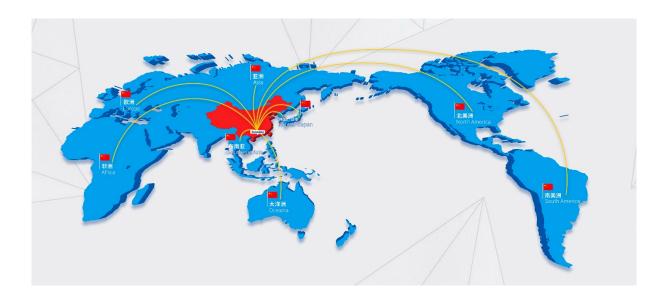
10.2 Service Hotline

Users using our company products can call technical support office. Our company has professional technical engineers to answer the questions and help solve the products or usage problems ASAP. Free service hotline: +86-4008804496

10.3 Product Repair or Replacement

As for the product repair, replacement or return, customers should firstly confirm with the company's technical staff, and then contact the salesmen to solve the problem.

According to the company's handling procedure, customers should negotiate with our company's technical staff and salesmen to complete the product maintenance, replacement or return.



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