## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA



# **PMC**

### **Highlights & Features**

- Universal AC input voltage range
- Built-in active PFC and high efficiency up to 90% @ 230 Vac
- Power Boost of 200% for 3 seconds and 150% for 5 seconds
- SEMI F47 compliance at 120 Vac
- Meet Surge Immunity IEC 61000-4-5, Level 4 (CM: 4 kV, D M: 2 kV)
- Built-in fan speed control and fan lock protection
- Wide operating temperature range -20°C to 70°C
- Overvoltage / Overcurrent / Over Temperature / Short Circuit Protections
- Certified according to IEC/EN/UL 62368-1

## **Safety Standards**





CB Certified for worldwide use

**Model Number: Unit Weight: Dimensions (L x W x H):** 215 x 120 x 61 mm

PMC-48V600W1BA 1.54 kg (3.40 lb) (8.46 x 4.72 x 2.40 inch)

## **General Description**

The PMC-48V600W1BA has a power rating of 600 W with 48 V output voltage. The product features Power Boost of 200% (up to 1200 W) for 3 seconds and built-in fan speed control with fan lock protection. The PMC-48V600W1BA accepts the full universal AC input range and have been approved for major safety standards like IEC/UL 60950-1 (ITE), IEC/EN/UL 62368-1, EMI according to EN 55011 (Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment) and EMS according to EN 61000-6-2 (Immunity for industrial environments).

### **Model Information**

#### **PMC Panel Mount Power Supply**

Model Number Input Voltage Range		Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current	
PMC-48V600W1BA	85-264 Vac (120-375 Vdc)	48 Vdc	12.5 A	

## **Model Numbering**

PM	C -	48V	600W	1	В	A
Panel Mount	Product Type C – Enclosed	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	With PFC	Front Face connector



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### **Specifications**

### Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage		100-240 Vac		
Input Voltage Range*		85-264 Vac		
Nominal Input Frequency		50-60 Hz		
Input Frequency Range		47-63 Hz		
DC Input Voltage Range**		120-375 Vdc		
Input Current		< 6.50 A @ 115 Vac, < 3.20 A @ 230 Vac		
Efficiency at 100% Load		> 87% @ 115 Vac, > 90.0% @ 230 Vac		
Max Power Dissipation	No Load	< 7 W @ 115 Vac, < 8 W @ 230 Vac		
	100% Load	< 75 W @ 115 Vac, < 50 W @ 230 Vac		
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)		< 20 A @ 115 Vac & < 40 A @ 230 Vac		
Power Factor		> 0.98 @ 115 Vac, > 0.96 @ 230 Vac		
Leakage Current		< 3.0 mA / 4.0 mA @ 264 Vac TN/TT system / IT system		

## Output Ratings / Characteristics\*\*\*

Nominal Output Voltage	48 Vdc
Factory Set Point Tolerance	48 Vdc ± 2%
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	43.2-52.8 Vdc
Output Current	0-12.5 A Continuously operating at 43.2 V / 48
	0-11.36 A Continuously operating at 52.8 V
Output Power	540 W Continuously operating at 43.2 V
	600 W Continuously operating at 48 V / 52.8
Power Boost	18.75 A for 5 seconds At 48 V output
	25 A for 3 seconds At 48 V output
Line Regulation	< 192 mV (@ 115-264 Vac input, 100% load)
Load Regulation	< 300 mV (@115-264 Vac input, 0-100% load)
PARD**** (20MHz)	< 300 mVpp
Rise Time	< 100 ms @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac (100% load)
Start-up Time	< 500 ms @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac (100% load)
Hold-up Time	> 20 ms @ 115 Vac & 230 Vac (100% load)
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 5% @ 115-264 Vac input, 10-100% (Slew Rate: 0.1 A/µS, 50% duty cycle @ 5 Hz to 1 kHz)
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	10,000 μF Max

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>For power de-rating from 50°C to 70°C, see power de-rating on page 3.



<sup>\*</sup>For power de-rating at 85-115 Vac, see power de-rating on page 3.
\*\*Fulfills test conditions for DC input. Safety approval for DC input can be obtained upon request.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5 cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1 µF ceramic capacitor & 47 µF electrolytic capacitor.

## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### Mechanical

Case Chassis / Cover		SECC
Dimensions (L x W x H)		215 x 120 x 61 mm (8.46 x 4.72 x 2.40 inch)
Unit Weight		1.54 kg (3.40 lb)
LED Indicator	Green LED	DC OK
Cooling System		Forced Cooling (Built-in Fan)
Terminal	Input	M3.5 x 3 Pins (Rated 300 V/20 A)
	Output	M3.5 x 4 Pins (Rated 300 V/25 A)
Wire		AWG 14-12
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 52 dBA

#### **Environment**

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-20°C to +70°C (Cold start -40°C)		
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C		
Power De-rating	Temperature	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C		
	Input Voltage	< 115 Vac de-rate power by 0.67% / 1 V < 162 Vac de-rate power by 0.48% / 1 V		
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)		
Operating Altitude		0 to 3,000 Meters (9,840 ft.)		
Shock Test Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-27, 30 G (300 m/S <sup>2</sup> ) for a duration of 18ms, 1 times per direction, 2 times in total		
Vibration Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-6, 10 Hz to 150 Hz @ 50 m/S² (5 G peak); displacement of 0.35 mm; 20 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction		
Bump Operating		IEC 60068-2-29, 10G (100 m/S <sup>2</sup> ) for a duration of 11 ms,1000 times per direction, 6000 times in total direction		
Over Voltage Category		Ш		
Pollution Degree		2		

#### **Protections**

< 69.3 V, SELV Output, Latch Mode
> 150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Latch Mode
Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Latch Mode
F 12.5AH
Class I with PE* connection

<sup>\*</sup>PE: Primary Earth



# 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

## Reliability Data

MTBF	> 700,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115 Vac & 230 Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115 Vac & 230 Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

## Safety Standards / Directives

Safety Entry Low Voltage		SELV (IEC 60950-1)		
Electrical Safety	SIQ Bauart	EN 62368-1		
	UL/cUL recognized	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395 UL 62368-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 (File No. E191395		
	CB scheme	IEC 60950-1, IEC 62368-1		
	UKCA	BS EN 62368-1		
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU		
UKCA		In conformance with Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016 No. 1011 and The Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 No. 1091		
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0 KVac		
	Input to Ground	2.0 KVac		
	Output to Ground	0.5 KVac		



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### **EMC**

Emissions (CE & RE)				Generic Standards: CISPR 32, EN/BS EN 55032, CISPR 11, EN/BS EN 55011, FCC Title 47, VCCI <sup>1)</sup> : Class B			
Immunity			Generic Standards: EN/BS EN 55024, EN/BS EN 61000-6-2				
IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> Air Discharge: 15 kV Contact Discharge: 8 kV						
IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> 80 MHz-1 GHz, 10 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation 1.4 GHz-2 GHz, 3 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation 2 GHz-2.7 GHz, 1 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation			80% modulation			
IEC 61000-4-4	·						
IEC 61000-4-5	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> Common Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 4 kV Differential Mode <sup>4)</sup> : 2 kV						
IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> 150 kHz-80 MHz, 10 Vrms						
IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> 30 A/Meter						
IEC 61000-4-11	40% of 100 Vac, 200 ms       Criteria B³         70% of 100 Vac, 500 ms       Criteria B³         0% of 100 Vac, 5000 ms       Criteria B³         0% of 240 Vac, 20 ms       Criteria A²         40% of 240 Vac, 200 ms       Criteria A²         70% of 240 Vac, 500 ms       Criteria A²		B <sup>3)</sup> B <sup>3)</sup> B <sup>3)</sup> A <sup>2)</sup> A <sup>2)</sup> A <sup>2)</sup>				
IEC 61000-4-12							
	IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class A						
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker			IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-3				
Voltage Sag Immunity SEMI F47 – 0706		84 Vac, 500 60 Vac, 200 160 Vac, 10 140 Vac, 50	0 ms 0 ms 000 ms 00 ms	Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> Criteria B <sup>3)</sup> Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> Criteria A <sup>2)</sup> Criteria A <sup>2)</sup>			
	IEC 61000-4-3  IEC 61000-4-4  IEC 61000-4-6  IEC 61000-4-8  IEC 61000-4-11	EN/BS EN 55011, F Generic Standards:  IEC 61000-4-2 Level 4 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> ) Air Discharge: 15 k² Contact Discharge:  IEC 61000-4-3 Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> ) 80 MHz-1 GHz, 10 1.4 GHz-2 GHz, 3 1.2 GHz-2.7 GHz, 1 1.4 GHz-2 GHz, 3 1.4 kV  IEC 61000-4-5 Level 4 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> ) Common Mode <sup>3</sup> ): 4 Differential Mode <sup>4</sup> ):  IEC 61000-4-6 Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> ) 150 kHz-80 MHz, 1  IEC 61000-4-8 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> ) 30 A/Meter  IEC 61000-4-11 O% of 100 Vac, 20 1.40% of 100 Vac, 20 1.40% of 100 Vac, 50 0.0% of 240 Vac, 20 1.40% of 240 Vac, 20 1.40% of 240 Vac, 50 0.0% of 240 Vac, 50 0	EN/BS EN 55011, FCC Title 47, Generic Standards: EN/BS EN 5  IEC 61000-4-2 Level 4 Criteria A²) Air Discharge: 15 kV Contact Discharge: 8 kV  IEC 61000-4-3 Level 3 Criteria A²) 80 MHz-1 GHz, 10 V/M with 1 kH: 1.4 GHz-2 GHz, 3 V/M with 1 kH: 2 GHz-2.7 GHz, 1 V/M with 1 kH: 2 GHz-2.7 GHz, 1 V/M with 1 kH: 2 GHz-2.7 GHz, 1 V/M with 1 kH: 2 GHz-2.8 W  IEC 61000-4-4 Level 4 Criteria A²) Common Mode³): 4 kV Differential Mode⁴): 2 kV  IEC 61000-4-6 Level 3 Criteria A²) 150 kHz-80 MHz, 10 Vrms  IEC 61000-4-8 Criteria A²) 30 A/Meter  IEC 61000-4-11 0% of 100 Vac, 20 ms 40% of 100 Vac, 500 ms 70% of 100 Vac, 500 ms 0% of 240 Vac, 20 ms 40% of 240 Vac, 20 ms 40% of 240 Vac, 20 ms 70% of 240 Vac, 500 ms 0% of 240 Vac, 500 ms 0% of 240 Vac, 500 ms 0% of 240 Vac, 500 ms 1EC 61000-4-12 Level 3 Criteria A²) Common Mode⁴): 2 kV Differential Mode⁵): 1 kV  IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-3  80% of 120 Vac 96 Vac, 100 70% of 120 Vac 60 Vac, 200 80% of 200 Vac 160 Vac, 100 70% of 200 Vac 160 Vac, 100 70% of 200 Vac 160 Vac, 200	EN/BS EN 55011, FCC Title 47, VCCI <sup>1</sup> ):  Generic Standards: EN/BS EN 55024, EI  IEC 61000-4-2  Level 4 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  Air Discharge: 15 kV  Contact Discharge: 8 kV  IEC 61000-4-3  Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  80 MHz-1 GHz, 10 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 1.4 GHz-2 GHz, 3 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 2 GHz-2.7 GHz, 1 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 3 kV/M with 1 kHz tone / 4 kV  IEC 61000-4-4  Level 4 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  Common Mode <sup>3</sup> ): 4 kV  Differential Mode <sup>4</sup> ): 2 kV  IEC 61000-4-6  Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  150 kHz-80 MHz, 10 Vrms  IEC 61000-4-7  Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  30 A/Meter  IEC 61000-4-11  0% of 100 Vac, 20 ms  70% of 100 Vac, 20 ms  70% of 100 Vac, 20 ms  Criteria 70% of 100 Vac, 20 ms  Criteria 70% of 240 Vac, 500 ms  Criteria 70% of 240 Vac, 500 ms  Criteria Criteria 70% of 240 Vac, 500 ms  Criteria Revel 3 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  Common Mode <sup>4</sup> ): 2 kV  Differential Mode <sup>5</sup> ): 1 kV  IEC 61000-4-12  Level 3 Criteria A <sup>2</sup> )  Common Mode <sup>4</sup> ): 2 kV  Differential Mode <sup>5</sup> ): 1 kV  IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class A  IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2  80% of 120 Vac 70% of 120 Vac 80 Vac, 1000 ms 50% of 120 Vac 60 Vac, 200 ms 80% of 200 Vac 160 Vac, 500 ms 70% of 200 Vac 160 Vac, 500 ms			

<sup>1)</sup> Fulfills tested conditions

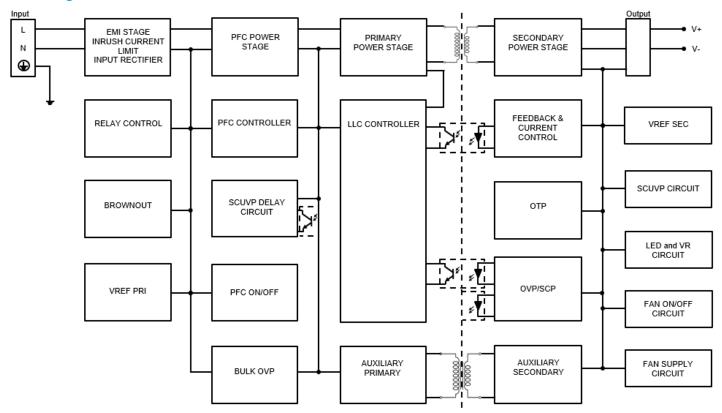


<sup>2)</sup> Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits
3) Criteria B: Temporary degradation or loss of function which is self-recoverable
4) Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)

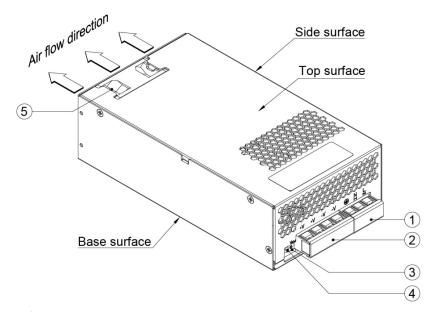
<sup>5)</sup> Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### **Block Diagram**



## **Device Description**



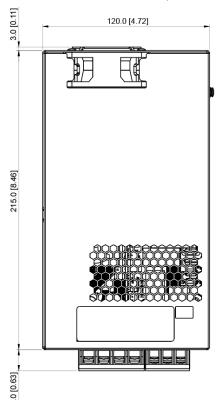
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK control LED (Green)
- 5) DC Fan

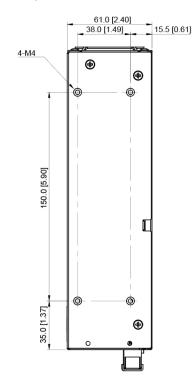


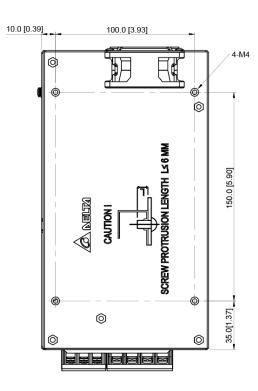
## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

#### **Dimensions**

L x W x H: 215 x 120 x 61 mm (8.46 x 4.72 x 2.40 inch)







### **Engineering Data**

#### Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

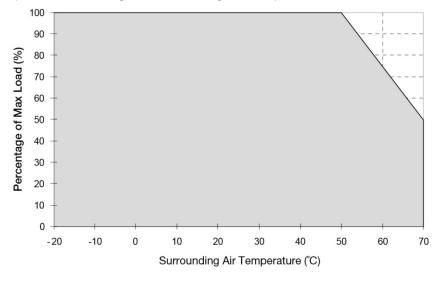


Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical and Horizontal Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

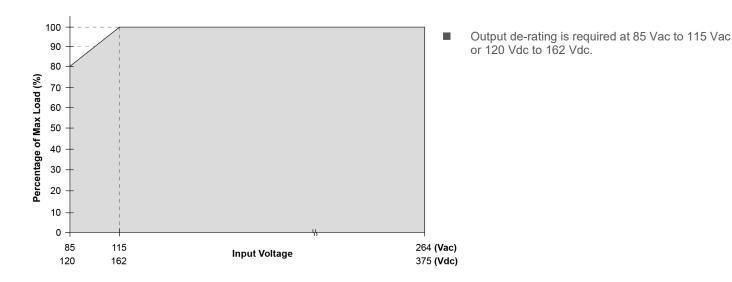
#### Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment", the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into latch mode until the mains is reapplied and the surrounding air temperature drops to its normal operating temperature.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



## **Assembly & Installation**

- Mounting holes for power supply assembly onto the mounting surface.
  The power supply shall be mounted on minimum 4 mounting holes using M4 screw minimum 5 mm (0.20 inch) length.
- B Input / Output Connector
- © This surface belongs to customer's end system or panel where the power supply is mounted.

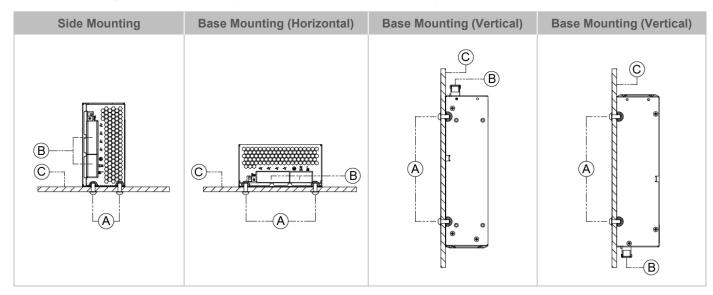


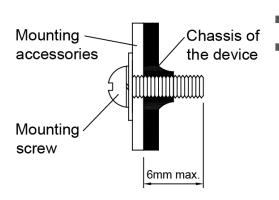
Fig. 2 Mounting Orientation

• Use flexible cable (stranded or solid) of AWG No. 14-12. The torque at the Input connector shall not exceed 11.98 Kgf.cm. The torque at the Output connector shall not exceed 16.59 Kgf.cm. The insulation stripping length should not exceed 0.275" or 7 mm.



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### Installation of Mounting Accessories



- Only use M4 screw ≤ 6 mm (0.24 inch) through the base mounting holes. This is to keep a safe distance between the screw and internal components.
- Recommended mounting tightening torque: 4~8 Kgf.cm (3.47~6.94 lbf.in)

### Safety Instructions

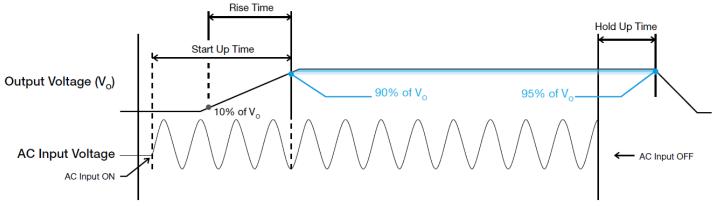
- To ensure sufficient convection cooling, always maintain a safety distance of ≥ 50 mm (1.97 inch) from all ventilated surfaces while the device is in operation.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surface, for example, plastics.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the ambient temperature and load of the power supply. Do
  not touch the device while it is in operation or immediately after power is turned OFF. Risk of burning!
- Do not touch the terminals while power is being supplied. Risk of electric shock.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause: Electric shock; Safety Hazard; Fire; Product failure
- Warning: When connecting the device, secure Earth connection before connecting L and N. When disconnecting the device, remove L and N connections before removing the Earth connection.



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

#### **Functions**

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

#### Rise Time

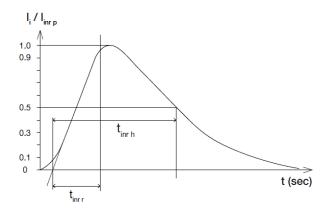
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

### Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

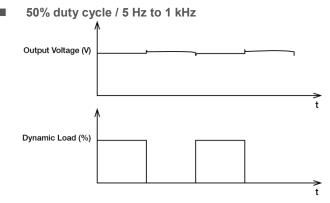
#### **Inrush Current**

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



### Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remains within  $\pm 5\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 10% to 100% of its rated current.





## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

#### **Power Boost**

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 200% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 3 seconds. The Power Boost is also available to repeatedly basis with according to the condition of an average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed continuous operating condition or refer to duty cycle calculation below.

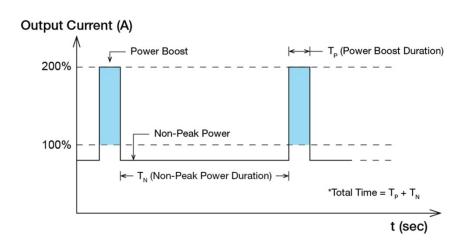


Fig. 3 Duty Cycle Calculation

$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non\text{-}Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Non\text{-}Peak\ Power = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

#### An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W <sub>P</sub> )	Power Boost Duration (T <sub>P</sub> )	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W <sub>N</sub> )	Non-Peak Power Duration (T <sub>N</sub> )	Total Time (T)
200%	1200	3 sec	10%	533	27 sec	30 sec
200%	1200	3 sec	35%	279	5.6 sec	8.6 sec
180%	1080	10 sec	20%	480	40 sec	50 sec
180%	1080	10 sec	35%	340	18.5 sec	28.5 sec
150%	900	15 sec	30%	471	35 sec	50 sec
150%	900	15 sec	35%	438	28 sec	43 sec
124%	744	20 sec	40%	504	30 sec	50 sec

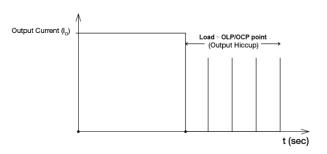
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Power Boost to be longer than the specified duty cycle calculation, this may cause damage to the PSU.



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current (Io) exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Protections". In such occurrence, the output voltage ( $V_0$ ) will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and Io is back within the specifications.



It is not recommended to prolong the duration of  $I_{\rm O}$  when it is less than OLP/OCP point, but greater than 100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

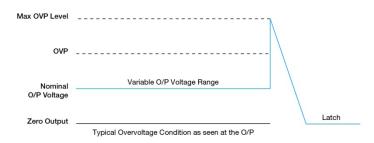
## Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

### Overvoltage Protection (Latch Mode)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections". Power supply will latch, and require removal/re-application of AC voltage in order to restart.

The power supply should be latch, and require removal/reapplication of input AC voltage in order to restart.



#### Over Temperature Protection (Latch Mode)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into latch mode until the surrounding temperature drops to its normal operating temperature or the load is reduced as recommended in the de-rating graph. Removal/re-application of input AC voltage will then be required in order to restart.

### External Input Protection Device

The unit is protected with internal fuse (not replaceable) at L pin and it has been tested and approved on 20 A (UL) and 16 A (IEC) branch circuits without additional protection device. An external protection device is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than above. Thus, if an external protective device is necessary, or, utilized, please refer a minimum value of 10 A B-or 6 A C- characteristic breaker should be used.



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

## **Operating Mode**

#### ■ Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply units (PSUs), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.9~1.0 V for these 48 V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

#### Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then  $V_0$  of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect each power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage from 115-264 Vac, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

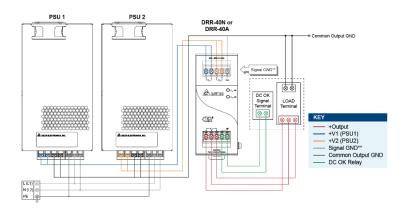
#### Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to Vin 1 & Vin 2, respectively, of the DRR-40N (or 40 A) module shown on the right of above diagram.

#### Step 3.

Connect the system load to  $V_{out}$ . Please note that output voltage  $V_{out}$  from DRR module will be =  $V_{O}$  (output voltage of power supply) –  $V_{drop}^*$  (in DRR module).

 $^*V_{drop}$  will vary from 0.60 V to 0.90 V (Typical 0.65 V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.



\*\*The Signal GND in the DRR module is for the built-in LED and DC OK signals. The Output GND terminals from the two PSU's do not need to be connected to the Signal GND terminal

Fig. 4 Redundant Operation Connection Diagram

### Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25 mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

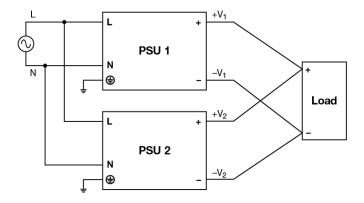


Fig. 5 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

### ■ DC Input Operation

#### Step 1.

Use a battery or similar DC source.

#### Step 2

Connect +pole to L and -pole to N.

#### Step 3.

Connect the PE terminal to an earth wire or to the machine ground.

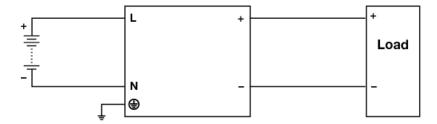


Fig. 6 DC Input Operation Connection Diagram

### ■ 2 of 3 Phase System Input Operation

Delta's PMC can use on 2 of 3 phase system. Please refer to the following step.

#### Step 1.

The input voltage applied from Line to Neutral is below the maximum rated input. The input voltage shall be below 240 Vac +10%.

#### Step 2.

The external protector is needed on N (Neutral) input line to secure a safety. N line does not have internal fuse protection. An appropriate fuse or circuit breaker should be connected in series with N input line connection like the following.

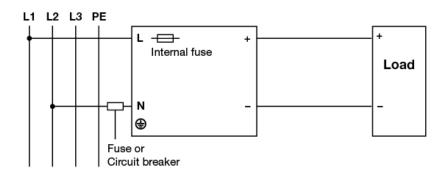


Fig. 7 2 of 3 Phase System Input Operation Connection Diagram



## 48 V 600 W 1 Phase / PMC-48V600W1BA

#### **Others**

#### PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2

#### **Line Current Harmonic content**



Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusodial due to the periodical peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environment, complying with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency as well as some commercial aspects such as higher purchasing costs. Frequently, the user does not profit from fulfilling this standard, therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

#### Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to www.DeltaPSU.com for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

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